THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOL. 46. TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1831. NO. 75.

PUBLISHED BY
NEVILLE B. CRAIG,
NEAR THE S. W. CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

TERMS.

The Gazette is published semi-weekly, (on Tuesday and Friday,) at FOUR dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

The Gazette is also published weekly, (on Friday,) at Two dollars per annum in advance,—or THREE dollars at the end of the year.

CHEAP WRAPPING PAPERS
AND BONNET BOARDS.

JOHN I. KAY & Co., Booksellers, 51 Market street, have constantly for sale, a large assortment of Wrapping Paper, Band Box Boards, Bonnet Boards, and Binder's Boards, of eastern manufacture, which they offer very low.

N. B. The highest price given for RAGS.

August 10.—tf.

GIDINGS, BALDWIN & CO.
Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
CLEAVELAND, OHIO;

PROPRIETORS of the Ohio, Troy, and Erie Daily Line of Canal Boats, Ohio Canal—Agents of Troy and Erie Line, New York Canal and Proprietors in a Line of Steam Boats and Vessels on Lake Erie.—*Refer to*
MESSRS. WM. D. HARRIS & Co.
March 25.—3m* *Pittsburgh.*

REMOVAL.

DR. WM. F. IRWIN has removed to the New Brick Building in Liberty street, near the end of Fourth street. March 25.—3m

LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM,
AND GALLERY OF THE FINE ARTS.

IS open for public exhibition every day, from 6 A. M. till 10, P. M. at the s. w. CORNER OF MARKET AND FOURTH STREETS. This collection contains, in the highest state of preservation, in part, 30 *Quadrupeds*, amongst which are the *Cougar*, or American Brown Tiger; 7 *Species of the Monkey, &c.*; 300 *Foreign and American Birds*, including the *Great Bird of Paradise*; the *Emu*, from South America, 5½ feet high; *Toucan; two living White Crows, &c. &c.*

A Large Collection of Marine Shells; Plants; Corals; Madrepores, &c.; Minerals; Fossils; Indian Dresses, Decorations, &c.; Implements of War and Husbandry, from the South Sea Islands; Curious Works of Art, &c. &c.

The *Gallery of Paintings* contains nearly one hundred specimens of the Works of Old and Modern Masters; with a Collection of nearly 1200 *Coins and Medals*. The whole arranged with a taste not surpassed by any similar institution in the country. *Exhibition of* PHANTASMAGORIA *every evening, at half past eight o'clock.*

Admittance 25 cents—Children 12½ cents.

May 7, 1830.—tf

James Adams Jr. & Co.
GROCERS,
MARKET, BETWEEN FRONT AND WATER STREETS.

HAVING taken that large and commodious Ware-House formerly occupied by *Ekin & Ledlie*, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they are just receiving and now offer for sale a choice selection of Groceries consisting of

Prime Green and Java COFFEE,
Y. Hyson, Imp'l. and Gunpowder TEA,
Pepper, Allspice, Cloves and Nutmegs,
Loaf and Lump SUGAR,
Benegal and Carracas Indigo,
Madder, Ginger, Rice & c.
Box Raisins, Figs, &c.
Warranted Genuine Havana SEGARS, Flint's, Cabamas' & Dosamygos',
Madeira, Port, Lisbon, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES
Brandy, H. Gin, Jamaica Spirits &c.
A few Gallons choice old champaigne Brandy of 1802.

All of which they will sell low for Cash or acceptances, either

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

Having made arrangements for a constant supply, they respectfully solicit Country Merchants and others to favor them with a call.

April 3, 1829—tf.

LAW NOTICE.

GEORGE SELDEN has removed his office to No. 18 in the Diamond, next door to Alderman Lowrie; where, having no other pursuit to which his attention is directed, he devotes himself exclusively to the profession of the law. Jan 7

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, having disposed of their interest in the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. retired from the concern on the 7th instant. The transactions of the house are continued as heretofore under the firm of

RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.

Mr. Jacob Forsyth, late of Louisville, and Mr. Robert M. Riddle, of this city, succeed us in the active management of the concern, and will devote their whole attention to its business. We have entire confidence in the ability and disposition of our successors to promote the interest of their correspondents, and would therefore recommend them as deserving the continued support and favor of our friends.

JOHN S. RIDDLE,
JOHN D. BAIRD.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 18, 1831.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—*John S. Riddle*, (late of the house of Riddle, Forsyth & Co. Pittsburgh,) has formed a connexion with *Washington Jackson*, of Philadelphia. The house will be conducted under the firm of

Washington Jackson & Riddle,
No. 20, South Front street,
PHILADELPHIA.

They will make purchases and effect sales for foreign accounts, and will be pleased to receive consignments of the staples and produce of the west, making liberal advances on all goods addressed to them for sale.

☞ The Cincinnati Advertiser, Cincinnati Gazette, Louisville Advertiser, Lonisville Journal, Nashville Republican, and Nashville Whig and Banner, Florence Gazette, and Lexington Reporter, will insert the above advertisements once a week for three months, and send their bills to this office. January 18—tf

CITY AUCTION ROOM,
NO. 42 WOOD STREET,
Opposite the Pittsburgh Hotel.

P. M'KENNA, *Auctioneer*, respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is now prepared, at the above establishment, to discharge the duties of his office, and hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage. ☞ Regular days of Public Sales, every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 10, A. M. and 2, P. M.; and Evening Sales on TUESDAY and FRIDAY of each week.

Pittsburgh, November 5, 1830—tf.

Receiving & Forwarding House,
NEW ORLEANS.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he has established himself in NEW ORLEANS, for the purpose of attending exclusively to the Receiving and Forwarding of Merchandise; and feels confident, from his experience in business, and determination of adopting well regulated and moderate charges, of giving satisfaction to those who may entrust their business to his care. WM. BUCHANAN.

Refer to Messrs. Allen & Grant, Riddle, Forsyth & Co., or M'Kee, Clarke & Co. Pittsburgh.

October 26, 1830—tf.

Storage, Forwarding, and Commission
WAREHOUSE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform Merchants, Iron-masters, Salt Manufacturers, and the public in general, that they have commenced the above business, in the new and extensive brick house two doors below the bridge, where they will Receive and Forward GOODS, IRON, SALT, &c. destined for the West by the Pennsylvania Canal, and for the East, by the Northern Turnpike. By strict attention to business, they hope to merit and receive a share of public favors. Charges for Forwarding and Commission will be moderate.

JAMES SPEER.
MARK GRAHAM.

Blairsville, Oct. 27—tf.

FANCY LAMPS,
PLATED CASTERS, &c.

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS, have just received, direct from the manufactories, and offer for sale, an elegant collection of *Bronze* and *Or Moulu*, *Astral* and *Mantel Lamps*, from ten to thirty dollars per pair; PLATED CASTERS, with cut and moulded bottles, silver edges and handles, from two to ten dollars per set: together with their usual extensive assortment of *PLAIN, PREST, and CUT GLASS WARE*, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;

Cut and Moulded Smelling and Toilet Bottles; Cut, Prest & Plain Bureau Knobs, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, December 25, 1829—tf.

WILLIAMSON'S EXCHANGE
PITTSBURGH.

THIS new and extensive Hotel, believed to be one of the best in the United States, is now open for the accommodation of the public.—The advertiser, well known as the conductor of a public house in the cities of Baltimore and Washington, takes this method of informing those who have heretofore patronized him, and travelers generally, that his entire efforts shall be directed to the comfort, ease, and quietude of all who may favor him with their custom. He appeals to his old friends for a "passing word" to strangers who may have occasion to visit Pittsburgh, pledging himself that nothing shall be wanting, on his part, to make their sojourn as agreeable as possible. Charges will be much the same as in the other respectable Hotels. The best servants from the Atlantic cities will be immediately engaged. The proprietor respectfully invites a call.

☞ The Gazette, Cincinnati, Advertiser, Louisville, Courier, New Orleans, Intelligencer, Washington, Commercial Advertiser, New York, will insert the above every other day for one month, and forward their accounts to this office within that time. Pittsburgh, Dec. 24.—tf.

The American Fire Insurance Co.
OF PHILADELPHIA,

DAILY make Insurance against loss or damage by FIRE, on Houses & Merchandise, Job Bacon, Secretary, No. 101 Chesnut street, Philadelphia. GEO. COCHRAN, Ag't,
Sept. 25—tf *No. 26 Wood street, Pittsburgh.*

350 BBLS. SUP. FLOUR, "Pickan's Brand," for sale by
JAMES ADAMS, JR. & Co.
May 18, 1830.—tf.

J. C. BUCKLES,
Commission Merchant,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

IS prepared to Receive, Sell, and Forward every description of GOODS.

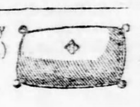
December 21, 1827—tf.

PORCELAIN TEETH.

DR. E. MERRITT—DENTIST.
Fourth Street, between Wood and Market,
PITTSBURGH.

March 4, 1831.—tf

50 BALES prime quality COTTON, (new crop,) for sale by
ALLEN & GRANT.
January 18, 1831—tf



NOTICE.—*John Hannen* has taken his son-in-law, *John E. Park*, into partnership with him in the Drug business, and in the manufacturing of white lead; and all their transactions will be done under the firm of JOHN HANNEN & CO. All persons indebted to John Hannen, are required to make payment without delay.

January 21.

LYNCH & BUTTERWORTH,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

PUBLIC SALES of Groceries, and Furniture every Tuesday and Friday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and of Dry Goods and Hardware, Fancy Cutlery, Jewelry, &c. every evening, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Liberal advances made on consignments.

April 5—tf.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that the White Lead heretofore manufactured by them, and branded "Stevenson, Pittsburgh," will hereafter be branded

AVERY & OGDEN, PITTSBURGH,

Who have an extensive supply on hand, *warranted pure*, and equal to any imported from England, or manufactured in the United States.—The character of their lead is very generally known in the Western country, and no efforts shall be wanting on their part to maintain for it a reputation, which they trust will secure general patronage.

CHAS. AVERY & CO.

March 11—3m.

POLYGLOTT BIBLE, *American Edition.* Just rec'd and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, No. 51 Market street, the English Version of the Polyglott Bible, containing the Old and New Testaments, with the marginal readings; together with a copious and original selection of references to parallel and illustrative passages. Exhibited in a manner hitherto unattempted. In one small elegant pocket volume. Stereotype edition.

"This edition is the most elegant and useful of all the pocket editions of the entire English Bibles, with parallel references; and contains a new selection of 60,000 references to passages that are really parallel." May 10—tf

PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 83 MARKET STREET.

THE subscribers keep constantly on hand a fine and well regulated assortment of the following kinds of PAPER, manufactured at the mill of Hurst & Brown.

Imperial, Superroyal, Medium, Royal, Demy, } PRINTING,
Cap, Post, Folio Post, WRITING,
Crown, Medium, Imperial, WRAPPING,
Blue and White TEA PAPER,
Bonnet and Fullers' BOARDS,

Which will be sold on as accommodating terms as can be purchased in this city.

JAMES BROWN & SON.

☞ The highest price given for RAGS, in Cash, Groceries, or Dry Goods. April 16—tf.

REMOVAL.

JOHN I. KAY & CO., Booksellers, have removed their Bookstore to No. 51 Market street: where it is their intention to keep constantly on hand a well selected assortment of BOOKS in the various departments of Literature and Science. Their late stock has been considerably increased by the addition of many valuable works; and they trust their establishment will still be deserving of the countenance of their friends and the public.—It is their intention to sell their books at the lowest market prices. They respectfully invite the attention of the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and the neighboring country to their new store.

April 5, 1831—tf

CHEAP QUEENSWARE.

WETMORE & HAVENS, No. 112 Second street, near Wood street, Pittsburgh, are now receiving their spring supplies of QUEENSWARE AND CHINA, being the manufacture of the first houses in Staffordshire, England.

All ware sold by them is re-packed by careful and experienced hands. Purchasers are consequently not subjected to the risk of getting inferior, crazed and broken ware, which is too generally the case with goods assorted in England, and sent out to be sold in our markets by the original package.

Their personal attention will, as heretofore, be given for the selection and packing of all ware bought of them. Liberal discounts for Cash.

Feb. 25—tf

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of James Sample, Esq. late of Ross township, deceased, are hereby requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all creditors are requested to present their claims to the said subscribers.

FOR SALE,

A Tract of land, situated on the Allegheny river and Pennsylvania canal, three miles above Pittsburgh, containing two hundred acres, one hundred of which are cleared and in good order, on which are a good barn and a good orchard.

The Docket of the deceased is placed in the hands of Thomas Sample, Esq. of Allegheny.

THOMAS SAMPLE, } Executors.
WILLIAM SAMPLE, }

February 25, 1831.—tf.

WOOL! WOOL!

THE highest price will be given in Cash, for all grades of WOOL, washed on the Sheep's back, on delivery at the Woollen Factory, in Economy.

FREDERICK RAPP.

April 15, 1831—2mo.

☞Stage Drivers Wanted.

I WISH TO HIRE SIX PERSONS TO DRIVE STAGE.

NONE need apply but those who can come well recommended for good horse-masters and first rate reinsmen. For such I will pay from $10 to $18 per month. Apply to

GEO. A. DOHRMAN,
April 27—tf. Steubenville, Ohio.

50 DOLLARS REWARD.—Taken by mistake, or stolen, from the Bar-Room or Entry of Griffith's Hotel, Pittsburgh, on the 9th of March, 1831, One BLACK LEATHER TRUNK, with a Brass Plate on the front, marked *Royal Paine, New York*, containing sundry articles of clothing, papers, notes, drafts, deeds, bonds, and mortgages, certificates of Bank Stock, Shares, &c. &c. as per memorandum annexed, for which the above reward will be paid on delivery of the papers to H. KELLY, No. 208 Pearl street, New York. As the payment of the above have been stopped, they are of no use to any one but the owner. The above reward will be given for the papers alone.

MEMORANDUM.

One deed, by W. W. Moon, to H. Kelley.

One bond and mortgage, by J. Boyd and wife, to H. Kelley.

One draft, drawn by A. G. Smith, on S. H. Middlebrook, endorsed to H. Kelley, for $1,219, 41 cents.

Four drafts, drawn by W. W. Moon, and endorsed by him on C. T. Taylor, six hundred dollars each.

Two of four hundred and odd dollars, by do. on do.

Three drafts, accepted by John Boyd, three hundred and forty odd dollars each, particulars not recollected, as memorandums were lost with them.

One certificate of twenty-five shares of the butchers' and drovers' Bank, New York, and sundry other papers, notes, and bank stocks. The trunk also contained sundry articles of wearing apparel, a new black frock coat, &c. &c. &c.

☞ If the above articles are in the hands of rogues, they may send the papers through the Post Office, and keep the trunk and clothing.

H. KELLEY.

May 31—1mo.

FOR THE CURE OF THE TOOTH-ACHE.—The subscribers, having united in the purchase of all Dr. Thomas White's right, (as expressed in his Letters Patent, obtained of the United States, on the 29th July, 1829,) to make and sell the said White's Celebrated Tooth-Ache Drops, in the county of Allegheny, are prepared to supply the city and county with any quantity of said Drops, and warrant them *genuine*.—Sold at Retail, by E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist, at his office, No 70 Fourth street; Wholesale, by JOHN HANNEN & Co., corner of Market and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh.

E. HALE, Dentist,
J. HANNEN, Druggist.

☞ The subscriber, in his practice as a Dentist, having successfully and to a considerable extent used "Doctor T. White's Vegetable Tooth Ache Drops," can recommend them, when *genuine*, as superior to any other remedy now in use. If obtained of the subscriber, a *cure* is *guarantied*.

A certificate of the Patentee may be seen at the office of the subscriber, No. 70 Fourth street, near Wood; where all Dental operations will be performed to the satisfaction of the patient, or no charges required.

E. HALE, Surgeon Dentist.

April 15—tf

TO MANUFACTURERS, &c.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they have their Machine Shop in complete operation; and having experienced workmen, they are prepared to build

WOOLLEN AND COTTON MACHINERY,

of every description, and of the most approved kind. They will build Woollen or Cotton Machinery to any pattern, to suit purchasers, and will warrant it to be equal in workmanship, and to perform as well as any that can be brought over the mountains, (New Jersey not excepted;) and they will furnish it at the eastern prices, which will be a saving to the purchaser who buys here, of the carriage, together with the necessary expenses attending transportation.

With a view to encourage our home manufactures, and to be encouraged, the terms of payment will be made accommodating.—Shearing Machines, Shear Blades, Turning Lathes, Fire Engines, Screw Plates and Taps, Governors for Engines, and Turning of every description, will be done to order at a short notice.

F. A. BEMIS & Co.
No. 24, Water Street, Pittsburgh.

Feb. 5, 1830—tf.

LEADEN PIPE.

I HAVE commenced the manufacture of LEADEN PIPE, and will furnish and lay the same, at the most reasonable rate. Any quantity required, warranted to be of the best quality, will be furnished at the shortest notice. JOHN SHERIFF.

Nov. 28, 1828.—tf.

TO LET,

A DWELLING HOUSE with or without the Store room in front. And also, a large Store or Warehouse on St. Clair street.

JOS. PATTERSON.

Feb. 5th, 1830.—tf.

DE LA MONTERAT'S
Columbian Vegetable Specific,

FOR *the cure of Consumptions, Asthma, Pleurisy, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary affections of every kind. The most valuable remedy ever discovered for the cure of Consumption and all diseases of the breast and lungs leading to Consumptions.*

DOCTOR RUSH'S
Anti-Dyspeptic or Sour Stomach PILLS,

An invaluable remedy for indigestion in its most complicated forms.

☞ Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. March 4—1y

ROBERT G. ORMSBY & Co.
AUCTIONEERS,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

August 20, 1830—1y.

SADDLERY.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. corner of Fifth and Wood streets, are now opening an extensive assortment of plated, tinned, and Japaned SADDLERY of every description, to which they respectfully invite the attention of Merchants and Saddlers. March 11, 1831.—tf

CIRCULAR.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1831.

WE beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally, that we have formed a Copartnership, for the purpose of transacting a *General Commission Business* in this place, under the firm of DOBBIN & IRWIN, and that we have taken that spacious Warehouse, on the corner of Second and Ferry streets, lately occupied by Messrs. R. Lindell & Co., where we are prepared to attend to such business as our friends may favor us with.

Mr. Leonard Dobbin will supply the place of his brother, in attending to the business of the house; and with his personal attention, united to a determination of pursuing a well regulated system of attention and punctuality, we hope to prove ourselves worthy the confidence of our friends and correspondents, whose interests it will be our study to promote, adhering strictly to their instructions.

H. R. DOBBIN.
JAMES S. IRWIN.

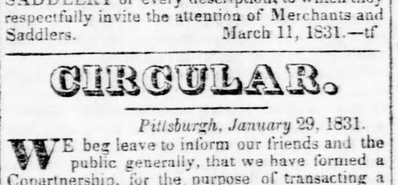
February 18, 1831—tf

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS STORE,
Corner of Wood and Third streets, opposite Griffith's Hotel, and in the house lately occupied by W. Bell & Co.

I HAVE opened a general assortment of DRY GOODS at the above stand, which will be sold at fair market prices, by the piece or package only. My friends and dealers are invited to call. C. CURTIS.

April 15—tf

New Hardware Store,
NO. 66 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.



LOGAN & KENNEDY

HAVE JUST RECEIVED, and are now opening an extensive assortment of Hardware Cutlery &c., to which they would respectfully invite the attention of merchants, mechanics, and others. Also a well selected assortment of New England bench and moulding planes.

April 5.—tf.

FOR SALE OR RENT, Lot No. 357, on Fourth street, between Wood and Smith field streets, in the city of Pittsburgh. The Lot is thirty feet front, and extends back towards Diamond Alley, one hundred and forty feet. Possession can be given on first of April, 1831. Apply to C. DARRAGH,
Dec. 17.—tf No. 19 Fourth street.

TILT HAMMERED SPADES & SHOVELS.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality. Also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by S. P. DARLINGTON & Co.
Corner of Fourth and Wood streets.

March 22, 1831.—tf

Pittsburgh Starch Manufactory.

STARCH manufactured at the above establishment, may be had at the store of George Kirkpatrick, No. 8 Diamond Alley, or at either of the following stores—James Park & Co.; Tassey & Church; I. R. Smith & Co.; J. D. Davis, or Gabriel Adams. ALEX. FERGUSON,
June 18.—tf. GEO. KIRKPATRICK.

NOTICE.—The firm of Steele & Co. is dissolved by the death of I. STEELE. All persons indebted to the said firm are requested to make payment, and all those having claims will present the same for settlement to JOHN BIRMINGHAM, surviving partner of the late Steele & Co. Pittsburgh, April 12, 1831.—tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—W. M. CARLISLE, of the firm of Steele & Carlisle, and JOHN BIRMINGHAM, surviving partner of Steele & Co. have associated themselves together, under the firm of CARLISLE & BIRMINGHAM, and will continue a General Agency and Commission Business, at the old stand, No. 90 Front street.

W. M. CARLISLE.
JOHN BIRMINGHAM.

Pittsburgh, April 12, 1831.—3mo.

☞BANK NOTE EXCHANGE.☜

Ohio paper Generally, one half per ct.

Erie,	½ pr. ct.	Urban. Bk. Co.	3 to 5
Virginia,	1	Scioto Bk.	3 to 5
N. Y. City Notes	1	Michigan	3 to 5
Delaware do	½ to 1	Canada	4
Canton	2	Georgia & N. Car.	4
Wilks'b.	2	South Carolina	3
Pottsville	2	N. York, Con.	
Greensburgh	30	R. Isl., Vermont,	2
Old Bk. Steub.	25	Mass., N. Hamp.	
Maryland,	½ to 1	New Jersey	1 to 2

GOLD.

Sovereigns 4 65. American Gold 2 per ct. premium. GEORGE A GOOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, *No. 68 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.* April 29.—tf.

Drawing, Painting, and Gilding,
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES.

J. NEWTON

HAS removed to No. 27 Market street, between Front and Second, where he intends carrying on the above; and he assures the public that he will execute all orders with which he may be favored in as neat a manner, upon as reasonable terms, and as promptly, as can be done on the west of the mountains. Portraits and Miniatures executed in a superior style, and paintings bought, sold, exchanged, or repaired.

J. N. will continue to receive a small class of pupils.

LITHOGRAPHY.

J. N. has established a Lithographic Press, and is prepared to execute all kinds of Lithographic Printing. Those who wish to have a multiplicity of copies from any design, will find this a beautiful substitute for copperplate engraving, and will experience a considerable saving of time and expense by preferring it.

Just published, the first number of a series of Ornaments, which will be found useful to Architects, Painters, Carvers, Gilders, Engravers, Cabinet Makers, Chair Ornamenters, Statuaries, and all persons whose business is connected with the Fine Arts.

J. N. respectfully solicits subscribers to a work on Flower, Fruit, and Shell Painting, &c., which he intends publishing as soon as the materials are in readiness. The work will contain the whole theory of the art, as far as its title purports, and will greatly aid those who wish to devote a part of their leisure hours to this brauch of painting.

May 6, 1831.

WANTED, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina paper. Also, Notes of the Michigan and Canada Banks.

GEORGE A. COOK.
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood st't.
May 10, 1831.

JOHN ALEXANDER

HAS Removed his Wholesale and Retail Cheap Cash Store, to the house formerly occupied by Mr. F. W. Boggs, No. 53 Market street, three doors below Fourth, where he is now receiving a splendid and general assortment of

Fancy & Staple Dry Goods,

purchased at the lowest prices, in New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore; all of which will be sold low for Cash. ☞ Has always on hand a large assortment of MAHOGANY, which will be sold at very reduced prices. J. A.

April 8—3mo.

ROSS WILKINS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAS Removed his Office to Liberty Street between Third and Fourth. Ap. 1.

WOOL.—The highest price will be given for clean washed common wool, by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.
May 10—tf

WATERS' improved Cast and Shear Steel Corn and Grass SCYTHES; Shear and Cast Steel Axes; Improved Steel Spades and Shovels; Hoes, Hatchets—constantly on hand and for sale by RIDDLE, FORSYTH & Co.
March 11.—tf

50 BARRELS No. 1 Mackerel,
75 do. No. 2 do.
25 do. No. 3 do.
100 Barrels New Orleans Molasses.
25 Hogsheads New Orleans Sugar.
2 Barrels Cocoa Nuts.

Received per late arrivals, and for sale by
RIDDLE, FORSYTH & CO.
May 10, 1831.—tf

SCHWEPPE & HORNER

HAVE just received, and offer for sale low, at the corner of Market and Third streets, Prime green Havanna, Rio and Porto Rico Coffee; Gunpowder, Imperial and Young Hyson Teas; Nutmegs, Cloves, Allspice, and Pepper; Bengal and Manilla Indigo; Madder, Ginger, Rice, Box Raisins, Figs, &c. Superior Loaf Sugar; 20 tons Campeachy Logwood; Madeira, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Malaga & Port Wines; Holland Gin, (Sevan brand,) Jamaica Spirits; Cogniac Brandy, (Seignette brand;) Molasses; New Orleans Sugar; 600 heavy Dried Hides; 50 barrels No. 1 Mackerel; 100 do. No. 2 do. 100 do. No. 3 do. Tubs of Mackerel for family use Ap. 12

FINDLAY & MADEIRA

HAVE REMOVED their Wholesale and Retail Drug Store, to the corner of Front and Market streets. Jan 21—tf

STEAM BOAT FOR SALE.

THREE-FOURTHS of the Steam Boat Pennsylvania will be sold, to close a concern, at public sale, at the Market Street Wharf, in Pittsburgh, on the 14th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. The boat and engine are in good order. No doubt the other fourth may be had upon reasonable terms.—The boat has been in the dock, and the bottom completely repaired.

A. HART,
S. HART,
R. BEER,

☞ The Louisville Advertiser will publish once a week for one month, and charge this office.

June 3, 1831.—w4w

WAVERLEY NOVELS—*Edinburgh Edition.*—Volumes 18, 19, 20, 21, of the Waverley Novels, Revised Edition, comprising the Monastery and the Abbot, just received and for sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.
June 3—2 Booksellers, 51 Market street.

CATECHISM OF HEALTH.—*The Catechism of Health;* or plain and simple rules for the preservation of the health, and vigor of the constitution, from infancy to old age. For sale by JOHN I. KAY & Co.
June 3—2 Booksellers, 51 Market street.

25 BALES Tennessee COTTON,
50 Hhds. Kentucky TOBACCO,
50 do. Prime BACON,
40 Boxes do. do.
50 Barrels do. PORK,
100 do. Nos. 2 and 3 MACKEREL,

Just received and for sale by
H. MACSHANE,
June 3—1mo. Front street, Pittsburgh.

COTILLION PARTY.

HENRY ANDERSON presents his respects to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, and respectfully informs them that he intends giving a COTILLION PARTY at Mr. Geo. Beale's City Assembly Room, on *Tuesday evening, the 14th inst.* Having engaged elegant musicians, for that evening, he feels assured that his entertainment will not fail to please those who may honor him with their presence.

N. B. Invitations will be issued by the managers in due time. June 3

WINDOW GLASS.

A CONSTANT supply of Birmingham Window Glass, of all sizes, at the manufacturers' prices, No. 70 Wood street.

J. & J. PATTERSON, Jr.
May 17, 1831.—6w

REMOVAL.

MRS. NEWCOMB has the pleasure of informing her friends that she has removed her school to the commodious brick dwelling on the corner of Liberty and Marbury streets, where her pupils will have the advantage of a pleasant yard for a promenade, and enjoy as pure air as any part of the city affords—thus uniting, as far as practicable, the advantages of a country residence with the conveniencies of a town. ☞ A few more pupils can be accommodated with board.

May 31—3t

C. DARRAGH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office, No. 49, Fourth street, between Market and Wood streets, one door west of the United States Bank.

March 16—tf

TO THE PEOPLE OF ALLEGHENY CO.

FELLOW-CITIZENS: I offer myself as a candidate for *SHERIFF*, at the ensuing general election; and I shall esteem it an honor, for which I will ever be grateful, if the result shall prove that I have been considered worthy of your favor and support. WM. GRAHAM, Jr.

Pittsburgh, May 24—te

ANTI-MASONIC CONVENTION.—The proceedings of the United States Anti-Masonic Convention, held at Philadelphia, Sept 11, 1831, embracing the Journal of Proceedings, the Reports, Debates, and the Address to the people, for sale by. HOGAN & CO.
Corner of Front and Market streets.
May 31—3t.

JOURNAL OF THE FRANKLIN INSTITUTE
Vol. 7, No. 3, for March, 1831.

CONTENTS.—*Franklin Institute:* Report of the Committee of the Franklin Institute on Water as a moving power; On the causes of some explosions of steam boilers; Minutes of monthly meeting. *American Patents:* List of Patents for November, 1830, with remarks by the editor.—*Specifications:* For an improved saw set, Whiting's; for scraping and cleaning hides, Williams; for inking apparatus, Wood's; for building boats and sea vessels, Annesley's; for a mode of uniting timber for domes, &c., Annesley's; remarks on the foregoing, by the editor; for tanning apparatus, Brown's; for supplying steam engine boilers, Williams's; for printing types for music, Bruce's. *English Patents:* For window sashes, Prosser's; for sail cloth, Ramsay & Orr's; for plating copper and brass, Roberts's; for preserving beer, ale, &c., Aitkin's; for separating the knots in paper making, Ibotson's; for machinery for cutting corks, Bass's; for improvements in paper making, Wilks's; for manufacturing ropes and cordage, Harris's; for crystallizing sugar, Fawcett & Clark's; for signals at sea, Roper's, On Shalder's fountain pump; on applying power for locomotive purposes; on gunpowders and detonating matches, by Dr. Ure; Babbage's calculating engine; new system of water power; effect of iodine upon germination; journey from Liverpool to Manchester in one hour; preservation of iron from rust; to readers and correspondents; meteorological observations for February; with three copperplates.

☞ Subscriptions received by HOGAN & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets. June 3

EXCHANGE.

WANTED, Michigan and Canada paper.—The highest price given for English, French, and American Gold.

GEORGE A. COOK,
Lottery and Exchange Broker, No 68 Wood st.
Pittsburgh, May 31.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of JOHN M'DONALD, Esq. late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make payment to the subscribers; and all persons having claims on the estate, will present them to us for settlement.

By the Will of Mr. M'Donald, the undersigned are fully authorised to sell and convey any part of his estate. We offer for sale several fine FARMS and Tracts of Land in this and the neighboring counties, together with a great variety of LOTS in Birmingham and Allegheny Town. The titles are unquestionable.

JOSEPH PATTERSON,
STEPHEN COLWELL,
Exrs. of John M'Donald, deceased.
May 31—3mo

POETRY.

THE SUPPER SUPERSTITION.

BY THOMAS HOOD.

"'Twas twelve o'clock by Chelsea chimes,
When, all in hungry trim,
Good Mister Jupp sat down to sup,
With wife, and Kate, and Jim.

Said he 'upon this dainty cod
How bravely I shall sup'—
When, whiter than a table cloth,
A ghost came rising up!

'O, father dear, O, mother dear,
Dear Kate, and brother Jim—
You know when some one went to sea—
Don't cry, but I am him!

You hope some day with fond embrace,
To greet your absent Jack;
But oh, I am come here to say
I'm never coming back!

From Alexandria we set sail,
With corn, and oil, and figs;
But steering too much Sou', we struck
Upon the Sow and Pigs!

The ship we pump'd till we could see
Old England from the tops;
When down she went, with all our hands,
Right in the channel's chops!

Just give a look, in Norey's chart,
The very place it tells;
I think it says twelve fathoms deep,
Clay bottom, mixed with shells.

Well, there we are, till 'hands aloft,
We have at last a call,
The pug I had for brother Jim,
Kate's parrot, too, and all.

You live on land; and little think
What passes in the sea:
Last Sunday week, at 2 P. M.
That cod was picking me!

Those oysters, too, that look so plump,
And seem so nicely done,
They put my corpse in many shells,
Instead of only one.

O, do not eat those oysters, then,
And do not touch the shrimps;
When I was in my briny grave,
They suck'd my blood like imps!

Don't eat what brutes would never eat,
The brutes I used to pat;
They'll know the smell they used to smell—
Just try the dog and cat!

The spirit fled—they wept his fate,
And cried 'alack, alack;'
At last up started brother Jim—
'Let's try if Jack was Jack!'

They called the dog, they called the cat,
And little kitten too;
And down they put the cod and sauce,
To see what brute could do.

Old Tray licked all the oysters up,
Puss never stood at crimps,
But munched the cod—and little kit
Quite feasted on the shrimps!

The thing was odd, and minus cod
And souce, they stood like posts.
O, prudent folks, for fear of hoax,
Put no belief in ghosts."

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE ROAST TURKEY.

A gentleman in one of the eastern towns of Massachusetts, had a servant in his employ, who gave him not a little trouble on account of the complaints he made on the subject of his victuals. As is usual in many families, whatever remained from the table of the dining room, was placed upon that of the kitchen—the inmates of the latter fared in all respects as well as those of the former, with the exception of their being the last served. The gentleman of whom we speak, took special pains that there should be no lack of provisions for the supply of all in his house, and was therefore at a loss to understand the grounds of the complaint thus made by his servant.

One day as he was passing through the kitchen, an opportunity presented itself for making some inquiries on the subject. While the other servants were partaking of their dinner with a keen relish, Sam, the disaffected servant, was tasting of it as reluctantly as if poison had been mixed with his food.

'How is it, Sam,' said the gentleman, 'that you are dissatisfied with your living—you fare the same as I do, and yet are not contented?'

'I know it,' said Sam, who was fresh from the country, 'but then I guess you are a little more fonder of corned beef than I be, to make a meal of it so often!'

'Corned beef!' said the gentleman, 'indeed I am very partial to that dish, and am sorry that it is not equally agreeable to your taste—but since you are so fastidious, tell me what dish of all others you would prefer, and you shall be entertained with it.'

'Why, roast turkey, to be sure!' quoth Sam; 'I guess I haint seen nothing of that sort this many a day!'

'And do you think, Sam, you would be contented to fare on roast turkey every day?'

'I guess, meister, if you'd only try me, you'd think so—nothing I relishes so hugely as roast turkey!'

'Well, then,' said the gentleman, 'to-morrow you shall be gratified—a turkey shall be roasted for your special benefit—no one but yourself shall partake of it, and you shall eat of no other meat till the turkey is gone.'

'By gumpsion!' exclaimed Sam, 'I agree to that willingly.'

The next morning the gentleman went to the market and purchased the largest and fattest turkey he could find, and sent it home with directions to be roasted and placed upon a separate table for Sam. In this he was strictly obeyed—the turkey was stuffed and roasted in the best style, and when Sam made his appearance at dinner hour, he found it smoking on the table which had been set for his sole occupation.

'By gauly now! if that aint curous enough!' said Sam, drawing up a chair to the table, at the same time smacking his lips and feasting his eyes upon the scene before him. Forthwith he attacked the turkey in his own fashion, cutting a slice here, and a slice there, just as inclination led him, without undertaking the slow and tedious operation of carving it, and having finished his dinner, he stretched himself out with the self-complacent air of an alderman. The next day the turkey was again served up as before, upon which, alone, Sam made his dinner with apparent satisfaction. The third day, when the gobbler, shaved of his pinions and his exterior, was placed upon the table, Sam was not quite so prompt in commencing operations. Casting a wishful glance at his fellows, who were regaling themselves with a variety of dishes, Sam offered to exchange with them a portion of his turkey for a slice of beef. But to this proposition, having received instructions how to act in such an event, they all declined acceding, so that Sam was forced to make out his meal upon the cold carcass of the turkey.

The fourth day and the fifth came and departed, and found Sam still at work upon his turkey, more than two thirds of which was now consumed. He was by this time heartily sick of his bargain—pride prevented him from making complaint, while hunger compelled him to eat of that which had now become an object of disgust and loathing. At the end of a week's time, the turkey was reduced to a mere skeleton, and Sam was thanking his stars that he should soon see no more of it, when his master entered the kitchen, and found him at his last meal.

'Well, Sam,' said he. 'I see you've about finished your first turkey: it is high time for me to look out for another.'

'What, another!' echoed Sam; 'another turkey! you don't think a man can live on nothing but roast turkey, do you?'

'Certainly I think *you* can. You cannot find fault with roast turkey; it is a dish of your own choosing.'

'I knows it, I knows it,' said Sam; 'but who would have thought of turkey to-day, and turkey to-morrow, and turkey next day, and turkey every day—why, I'd as soon feed on corned beef at that rate, and a little liefer.'

'But, Sam, you are neither satisfied with living as I do, nor with living as you prefer yourself—neither with corned beef nor with roast turkey. What shall I do in such a case?'

'Oh, any thing! I'll feed on roast cats, roast dogs—any thing but roast turkey—I can't go that—don't make me eat another.'

'Well, then,' said the gentleman, 'if you think you can content yourself to fare as I do—to take pot luck when I take pot luck, and roast turkey when I do, and if you do so without complaining, I consent that to-morrow you return to your old way of living.'

'Oh, yes, I consent to any thing,' said Sam—'any thing but roast turkey.'—*N. Y. Constellation.*

The late Lord Clomnel, who never thought of demanding more than a shilling for an affidavit, used to be well satisfied provided it was a good one. In his time the old Birmingham shillings were current, and he used the following extraordinary precaution to avoid being imposed upon by taking a bad one:—"You shall true answer make to such questions as shall be demanded of you touching this affidavit, so help you God. Is this a good shilling? Are the contents of this affidavit true? Is this your name and handwriting?"—*Legal Observer.*

Nobility.—Miss Foote, the actress, about whom and Pea-green Hayne and Colonel Berkeley, so much fuss was made some years since, in England, has married Charles Stanhope, Earl of Harrington, Viscount Petersham of Petersham in the county of Surrey, Baron Harrington, of Harrington in the county of Northampton, a colonel in the army, &c. &c.

The Council of Liverpool have granted permission to the Birmingham and Leeds Railway Companies, to bring their several lines of railway into the town. Four mails per day are now despatched from Liverpool to Manchester by the railway.

It is well known that great attention has been paid, for some years past, to the improvement of the French Navy. Late accounts show that the government are making experiments with steam ship building on a large scale. They have built and are building no fewer than 30 steam frigates; a squadron which, in action, ought to display decided advantages over one of common ships. If an occasion be offered for an experiment of this new form of naval war on a large scale, curiosity would be greatly excited to watch the result; for experiment, in such cases, often disappoints the expectations of the best judges; and steam has already produced great revolutions both on sea and land.

Some of the frigates building in France are 161 feet in length; and are to be armed with Paixan's guns, of 12 inch bore, carrying a hollow shot.—Some of them have four wheels, and four engines of 60 horse power.

There is a little town in France, not very generally known, which cannot be visited without interest, when it is remembered that Demetrius, who descended from Trajan the Roman Emperor, spent a considerable part of his life there. This individual lived in the time of Voltaire, and was a captain in the French army. No man who lived at that time could boast of so noble an origin; for he could reckon among his ancestors 26 Kings and 16 Emperors; six of Constantinople, ten of Trebizond, and two of Heraclius Pontus; sixteen Kings reigned at Colchis, and eight at Sazy.

How to please your friends.—Go to India, stay there twenty years, work hard, get money, save it, come home, bring with you a store of wealth and a diseased liver; visit your friends, make a will, provide for them all, then die—what a prudent, good, generous, kind hearted soul you will be.

The substance of the great wall of China, which extends along a space of 1500 miles from the Yellow Sea to Western Tartary, has been estimated to exceed in quantity that of all the houses in Great Britain, and to be capable of surrounding the whole earth with a wall several feet high.

There is said to be, at this time, one individual in Manchester, Eng., who, by means of a peculiar process, connected with the manufactures of that place, is clearing a weekly profit of £10,000.

A case was tried, a few days ago, at Maryboro' Assizes, Queen's county, which excited some merriment. M. Pigott, of Cappard, brought an action of ejectment against a tenant, in the course of which it came out in evidence that the person for whose life the ground had been leased to the defendants was dead for some years, and that they dressed up an old beggarman, whom they placed, if not in the shoes, at least in the bed, of the deceased, where he represented him for a length of time. To render the delusion more perfect, the room was darkened, and the old gentleman's hat and wig laid on a chair beside his bed: lest the tongue of the beggarman should betray him, he was instructed to grunt "umph," as the sole and sufficient response to all the kind inquiries of his neighbors.—*English paper.*

Cure of Locked-Jaw.—The following case is given in a periodical work on medicine:—For the following interesting case of locked-jaw, we are indebted to Mr. Joy, an experienced and scientific surgeon of Great Massingham, in the county of Norfolk. A chaff-cutter, about twelve years of age, apparently in good health at the time when he was exercising his occupation, so injured one of his fingers, as to render immediate amputation of it at the first phalanx necessary. Although the wound went on very favorably, locked-jaw came on when it was nearly healed. Notwithstanding the usual remedies, as opium in large does, mercury, musk, and other anti-spasmodics, were actively employed on the first appearance of the disease, the spasms increased in violence, and extended to the muscles of the back, producing the convulsive contractions of the muscles termed opisthotonos. The antispasmodics and warm bath having totally failed to afford the slightest relief, after pushing them to the fullest extent for ten days, Mr. Joy determined to give the muriated tincture of iron a trial. He accordingly ordered ten drops to be administered every hour, in a little water, which the loss of a few teeth allowed of being done without much difficulty. After continuing this medicine for 24 hours, the spasmodic affection of the muscles was evidently much diminished. The following day he was nearly free from pain. The medicine was continued, in the same quantity and at the same intervals, and the disease so rapidly decreased in violence, evidently under its influence, that he was perfectly well in the course of a few days.—*London paper.*

An *Anti-Tariff Convention* is proposed in the New York Evening Post.

FOREIGN NEWS.

From the National Gazette, May 31.

We have received late European intelligence, but nothing decisive. The London and Paris papers, which have been brought to New York, are down to the 1st inst. inclusive. We have not yet received those which are due to us. Rumors prevail of a great battle, in which the Poles were victorious, of the capture of Warsaw by the Russians, and so forth. It is certain that the Russian commander-in-chief had concentrated his troops, and was daily obtaining reinforcements. The attention of all Great Britain was engrossed by the elections of Parliament. According to the London Atlas of the 1st., as far as results were known, the ministers had a clear majority of twenty. London was illuminated on the 27th ult., on account of the dissolution of Parliament.—Some non-conforming windows were broken by the mob, but no serious disorders occurred.

ENGLAND.

The Proclamation for dissolving Parliament was published on the 22d April, in an extraordinary Gazette, and the mails were detained for the purpose of conveying it, together with the writs for the new elections, to every part of the kingdom. The writs are returnable on the 4th of June, but Parliament is not expected to be summoned to meet for the despatch of business before the 21st or 28th of that month.

The city of London was splendidly illuminated on the night of April 27, in honor of the King—particularly with reference to the dissolution of Parliament.

Parliamentary Reform.—Reform, says the Globe of the 30th April, has gained already two in London, two in Southwark, two in Dover, two in Lewis, two in Hastings, and two in St. Albans. In all the other places the former members were returned except at Litchfield, where Sir. E. D. Scott, replaces Mr. G. Vernon, who supported the bill. In Oxfordshire, Mr. Fane, who opposed the bill, has resigned in despair on the result of a canvas of three days. In Cornwall the canvass of Sir R. Vyvyan has been most unsuccessful. Some of his friends who had undertaken a district of four parishes, where he obtained last year from 300 to 400 votes, could only get eleven promises in his favor. In Liverpool, Mr. Ewart, Mr. Dennison, (by proxy,) and General Gascoyne, are the only candidates who are likely to be proposed.

The Morning Chronicle of the 20th April, says: "The Anti-Reformers are, in every popular place, driven in a moment from the field. The city of London has returned four staunch Reformers. The Anti-Reformers see that it is hopeless to contend with the force arrayed against them—the force of a united people."

Bell's Weekly Messenger, of the 1st May, observes: "As far as the elections have proceeded, they appear to preponderate in favor of Ministers, but it is yet too soon to form a just conclusion as to the result of the struggle."

The Duchess of Wellington died on the 24th of April.

The Liverpool Albion of May 2, says: "On Saturday there were not less than 40 vessels from foreign parts off the port; among them were 23 ships: the greatest number that was ever off at one time.

LONDON, *April 30th, Half past Seven.*—Now that the bustle of the election is over, affairs in the city are reverting, in some degree, into their ordinary state, but the greatest interest is felt, and will continue so to the end of the elections, in the progress of reform, as intelligence arrives from different parts of the country. Every arrival communicates greater confidence to the friends of the cause, but without encouraging any of them, in any instance, to slacken their efforts. On the contrary, every new return of the reforming candidates seems to give rise to opposition in quarters where otherwise it would not have been thought of. Three days ago, for example, a contest for Westmoreland was hardly considered possible; but now a defeat of the Lowthers, in this their strong hold, is thought by no means improbable.—The London freeholders hold a meeting to-night, and will certainly bring forward two members for that county. The friends of the cause in the metropolis will not relax their efforts as long as any change presents itself of increasig the number of members supporting their opinions, thereby trusting to send the bill to the upper house with such an overwhelming majority, that its rejection there will be quite out of the question.

The funds have been steady to-day, and consols closed at 78 7-8 to 79 for the account. A better supply of stock having come to market, there is no longer any difference between the money and the time price. This, without doubt, is chiefly to meet the expenses arising out of the elections; but the amount sold is much less than is usual on such an occasion. The contests have been too short to call for any serious charge. Exchequer bills left off at 4 to 5 premium.

In the foreign stock market little business has been done, and the prices do not vary materially from those of yesterday.

IRELAND.

Ireland is still in an increasing state of commotion, Mr. O'Connel and the Catholic Clergy are said to be sincere in their exertions to bring about tranquility; but find that it was much easier to arouse all the fierce passions of a multitude, than to allay them, when once let loose, as they are at present over a whole country. A letter from Clare announces the demolition of six Catholic chapels in that country, by the infatuated people, who are now in open insurrection.

The reason assigned for this flagitious outrage is because the Priests denounced the *Terry Alts* from the respective alters of these chapels last Sunday, and threatened them with all the power of the law. A gentleman's steward has been murdered near Limerick; and a land agent near Nenaugh; and still we see no prospect of a speedy termination to such frightful barbarities.

In the Irish Court of King's Bench, on Thursday week, in the cause of the King vs. O'Connell and others, the traversers were called to receive the judgment of the court. They all answered to their names, with the exception of Mr. O'Connell and Mr. Lawless; and order was afterwards made that those who had appeared might come up on the 3d of May, then to remove an arrest of judgment. In consequence of Mr. O'Connell and Lawless not appearing, it is understood that they are debarred from moving such arrest.

We can state, we believe, with confidence, that the prosecuution against Mr. O'Connell and others will be abandoned: the statute under which they were prosecuted having expired with the late session.

FRANCE.

Count Guilleminot, ambassador from France, has been recalled from Constantinople.

It being definitely settled that Algiers is to be a Colony of France, many families in Toulon were making preparations to emigrate.

BELGIUM.

The latest accounts received from Brussels, state that the National Congress was convoked for the first week in May; and that Colonel Borremans, who, it will be recollected, has been convicted of creating a disturbance in Brussels, had been sentenced to five years imprisonment, and degradation.

The German diet have consented to postpone the question of the occupation of Luxembourg for one month, with the threat that Belgium herself shall be occupied by the arms of the confederation, if satisfaction be not then made. Some preparations have been made by the Belgians to attack the citadel of Antwerp.

The Courier Francais of April 29, says—"It is stated that another protocol was signed at London on the 10th April, allotting Dutch Flanders to Belgium, which will secure to her the free navigation of the Scheldt, and enable her to protect her lowlands from inundation. This concession is made on condition that Belgium should renounce all pretensions to Luxembourg. At the same time it is much to be doubted whether, notwithstanding the advantages she would gain by the possession of Dutch Flanders, Belgium will consent to abandon a people who have made common cause with her."

ITALY.

A conspiracy had been detected in Turin, the object of which was to place the crown of Piedmont on the head of the Duke of Modena, by a military insurrection.

We learn from Rome, that the Count de St. Aulaire has obtained from the Holy Father the promise of a general amnesty for all those who took part in the late political events, except such patriots as fought with arms. The latter are to be punished, but his holiness has engaged that no sentence of death shall be executed.

PORTUGAL.

It appears that the subjects of England, as well as those of France, have suffered from the despotic government of Don Miguel, and that he has returned the same answer to the remonstrances of the British consul, that he did to the French consul, viz: that he could not enter into any diplomatic explanations with a oonsul, who is appointed only for commercial purposes. Assurances are given on the best authority, that the ships of war which have gone from England with sealed orders, have instructions to demand instant redress; and if it be not granted, to blockade Lisbon forthwith.

The address of the French consul to his countrymen in Lisbon, previous to taking his departure, is published in the Paris papers. He states that being directed by his government to insist on full satisfaction for the indignities offered to France, he had been unable to obtain a categorical answer from Viscount Santarem, and was therefore about to leave the country. He tendered them the means of doing so in ships which would be at his disposition from the 17th to the 20th of April. Most of them intended to accept the offer. The Miguelists pretended that the consul, being only a commercial agent, had no right to demand the reparation for injuries not connected with commerce; and that he was not accredited by Miguel. The latter was most affronted by having only the title of Prince Regent given him by the consul.

POLAND AND RUSSIA.

German papers were last night received to recent dates. The Prussian State Gazette, which comes down to the 25th April, contains the Russian accounts of military operations in Poland to the 17th. Of course every moment is claimed as an advantage, and every conflict as a victory.—The Russian head-quarters were then at Siedlec, upon which there is no longer a doubt that Skrzynecki failed in his attempt, Diebitsch having succeeded in uniting his corps with the guards and corps of Generals Rosen and Pahlen. The Russians do not claim the affair of Inganie upon the 10th as their own, with any confidence; but affirm, that from that time the cause of the Poles has been upon the decline. General Skrzynecki has certainly rather fallen back since that affair. The Russian accounts also claim advantages over the Polish Generals Uminsky and Dwernicki, which latter is said to be placed in a most perilous situation between three armies. The Polish accounts of these several operations will be found in another place, and it will be seen that they afford ample grounds for presuming that the patriot cause continues to prosper, notwithstanding the Russian representation of it. It was rumored at Warsaw, that another victory had been obtained on the 14th, near Sucha, and that General Uminsky had also obtained some advantages, but no particulars are given.

The Prussian State Gazette of April 22d, contains the following official article:—

From the Russian Head Quarters, April 14.—Field Marshal Count Diebitsch transferred his head quarters on the 10th to Siedlec, where the whole Russian army is now united. The enemy had avoided the attacks on all points, and the badness of the roads continued to make rapid movements impossible; and as such large masses of troops could not find sustenance in a country already exhausted, the Russian Commander judged it best to effect his union with the corps of Generals Rosen and Pahlen. This has been done, and the operations will be now recommenced.

"On the 14th, the first division of Grenadiers attacked the enemy on the left bank of the Liwice, and drove them to the other side with a loss of three hundred prisoners, and many killed and wounded. To-morrow we shall be able to give a more detailed account of the whole course of the Russian operations."

The following is also given in the Prussian Gazette, from Warsaw, April 17:—

"On the 14th, a letter was read here, from the General-in-Chief to the Governor of Warsaw, in which he says, that in case he should have to go to a greater distance in pursuit of the enemy, he shall depend on the firmness and bravery of the citizens of Warsaw; and was assured, that under the conduct of General Kruckowiecki, they would defend the city to the utmost against any hostile attack."

After this letter was read, some of the principal persons addressed the citizens, who declared they were ready to exert themselves to the utmost.—The head quarters of the Commander-in-Chief, which on the 7th were still at Sienneca, were on the 14th at Jendezejow.

The Polish Gazette reports that the Russian Guards upon the Bug are now affecting their junction with the army of Field Marshal Diebitsch.

The papers are filled with details of the movements of the Russian armies, but they go merely to prove the fact, that all their efforts for the subjugation of Poland have as yet proved abortive.

Letters of the 17th April from Warsaw announce that the *cholera morbus* has reached one of the divisions of General Skrzynecki in the environs of Siedlec, through the Russian prisoners taken on the 11th. Some French physicians, who hastened there the moment the report reached the Polish capital, have ascertained the existence of the disease. The inhabitants are in the highest state of alarm, and the most rigid measures have been adopted to prevent this dreadful scourge from being communicated to Warsaw.

The following is the latest official article from the Russian Head Quarters. We translate it from the Gazette de France of May first—

Russian Head Quarters, April 16.—The last accounts show that every preparation for crossing the Vistula had been made, when the approach of a considerable mass of troops from Warsaw, determined Marshal Diebitsch to strike a decisive blow. He accordingly directed the 4th with the 1st division of infantry, and the 3d of cavalry with the Lithuanian Guards, and a large part of the grenadier corps upon Zelechow, and pushed his advanced guard on to Latowisc, where the Zwittenbace and the marshes make the defiles very difficult. The main body would have followed this movement, if the extreme difficulty of procuring supplies, had not forced the Marshal to concentrate it nearer his convoys; it was therefore concentrated on the 10th at Lucrow, with an advance guard reaching to Stoczec, to connect it with the division at Dembe.

The enemy moved along parallel with the causeway by forced marches upon Siedlec, and Sieners attempted to check their movements. When the Poles approached the south side of Muchavier, they attacked General Rosen in close columns.—The fight lasted till seven o'clock. Many charges of cavalry, and by the bayonet, which were supported by our artillery, checked the enemy, and their failure forced them to retire. Nevertheless, Diebitsch, foreseeing that the enemy would attempt the day following to pass the Mechawiec, directed his main body upon Siedlec.

The Poles did not accept the combat, and retired upon Kaluwin and Serowyn—our advance guard followed them to Mingosbury. General Thiemann is watching the country between the Wiepurz, the Vistula, and the causeway of Warsaw. General Geratenweig occupies Kock, and General Ongroumoff will establish himself at Wengoun.

General Uminsky had retired upon Pultusk, and Gen. Sachem was ordered to watch him.

General Sierawski had passed on the 8th to the left side of the Vistula, with 6,000 men. General Rudiger having learned that Dwernicki had passed the Bug between the Latonick and Urcilug, had concentrated forces to attack him. General Krentz had received orders to follow him and General Deringdoff to cut off his communications with Zamosc.

Yesterday General Ongroumoff attacked the corps of Juminski, who had placed himself upon the right of the Liewick, in front of Liew, and had established a *'tete de pont.* The Russians overthrew the enemy, and even made themselves masters of the works. They had already taken many cannon, when a mass of Polish cavalry forced them to abandon their booty, and fall back on the infantry, which sustained and repulsed all attacks. We have taken from 300 to 400 prisoners: the killed must have been numerous on the side of the enemy; we have only a few hundred men *hors du combat.* General Ongroumoff remains in the position which he had conquered, and has destroyed the intrenchment formed by the enemy.—*Gazette d'Etat de Prusse.*

It will be seen by the subjoined extracts from St. Petersburgh papers, that the Government of Courland has been placed in a state of war, and Gen. Pahlen appointed Military Governor of it. This affords satisfactory testimony to the spread of insurrection in Courland as well as Wilna. The following are extracts:

St. Petersburgh, April 11.—His Majesty has been pleased to address the following Rescript to the Senate:

"In consequence of the troubles which have broken out in some districts of the Government of Wilna, we think it necessary to declare the Government of Courland, adjoining these districts, in a state of war; and we confer on the Governor General, Lieutenant General Baron Pahlen, authority to act in that Government with all the powers and prerogatives of the Commander of a detached corps of the army in time of war, in order to repel all attempts which the rebels might make against the said Government, and to maintain there good order, according to the laws.

"The Senate will immediately take the necessary measures to communicate this our decision to those whom it may concern."

THE TURKISH PROVINCES.

Venice, April 13.—By a ship which has just arrived here in six days from Albania, we have received the following important information respecting the state of things in the Turkish Empire.

Scutari, April 4.—On the 23d March, Mustapha Pacha, with 10,000 well armed troops, left this city; but instead of marching to Elbassan, and only defending his frontiers, as was expected, and as he had previously declared he would do, he has proceeded by way of Pisrene towards Scopio. He intends, on his march, to call on the troops of his allies to join him, and to issue in the last mentioned town a manifesto, in which he declares himself the head of the Janissaries, and invites their adherents to join his standard. Hereupon, after having collected as great a force as possible, it is his intention to march by way of Rupra (Genbertra) to Monaster, (Betoglia,) to attack the Grand Vizier, Redschid Pacha. His son-in-law, Zelady, Bey of Ochrida, (who was expelled from that Province by the troops of Redschid Pacha,) set out twenty days ago from Lower Albania, to promote the interest of Mustapha Pacha, to collect the discontented, and thus to place the Grand Vizier between two fires. Other accounts affirm that Mustapha intends to proceed without delay from Scopio, by way of Philippopolis and Sophia, to Adrianople, leaving his son-in-law to occupy the Grand Vizier.

Death of Prince Napoleon Louis, son of Louis Bonaparte, ex-King of Holland.—In the London Court Journal, of the 16th ult. is the subjoined account of the event:—

BOLOGNA, March 18.

Death of Napoleon's favorite Nephew.—When the youthful detachment from this place were on the march into Romagna, two young men joined their ranks, and were hailed with tumultuous cheers.—One of them lies at this moment in the arms of death. He was Napoleon's favorite nephew; the conqueror delighted to have him about his person; but he has been snatched from us in the bloom of life, and in an hour when a wide and glorious prospect opened upon his view. From his mental, as well as corporeal endowments, he was justly looked up to as the hope of his family; his amiable manners, cheerful temper, and cultivated talents, were the pride and solace of his fallen relatives. He had led a retired life at Florence, in which domestic enjoyments were intermingled with literary and scientific pursuits. His translation of Tacitus had established his reputation as a scholar, when he was roused from the bosom of learned seclusion, suffered himself to be borne away by the stream, and quickly sunk its victim. The stirring scenes of toil and fatigue into which he was now thrown, undermined his health; he expired yesterday at Forli. His bereaved parents, his wife, and the venerable mother of a once imperial dynasty, are at this moment weeping over his bier.

PITTSBURGH BANK-NOTE EXCHANGE,

CORRECTED semi-monthly, at N. Holmes' Exchange Office, No. 33 Market Street.

Pennsylvania.		*District Columbia*, gen.	½
U. S. Bank & bran.	par	*Michigan*, $5 & upw.	3
Philadelphia Banks	do	*New York.*	
Bank of Pittsburgh	do	City Banks	1
Easton	do	Troy and Albany	2
Germantown	do	Mohawk Bk. Schen.	do
Erie	1	Newburgh	do
Montgomery county	par	Orange county	do
West Chester	do	Catskill	do
Farmers' Bk. Lanc.	do	Auburn	do
Harrisburgh	do	Geneva	do
Bucks county	do	Centr. Bk. Cher. Val.	do
Lancaster Bank	½	Chenango	2
Northampton	½	Utica Bk. & branches	do
York Bank	½	Ontario Bk. at Utica	do
Chambersburgh	1	do. at Canandaigua	do
Greensburgh	33⅓	Rochester	do
Brownsville	½	Niagara Bank	no sale
Gettysburgh	½	*Georgia.*	
Susquehanna Br. Co.	½	St. Bks. gen. $5 & up.	4½
Farmers' Bk. Read'g	½	*Maryland.*	
Pottsville Bank,	unc.	Baltimore City Bks.	par
Ohio.		George's county	½
Bank of Steubenville,	25	Annap. & br. Easton	do
F. & M. B'k. of do.	½	Fredk. co. Hav. de Gra.	do
Mount Pleasant	½	Westminster	do
Western Reserve	½	Hagerstown	do
St. Clairsville	½	Williamsport	do
Bank of Chillicothe	½	*New Jersey.*	
Lancaster	½	St. Bk. at N. Brunsw.	1
Marietta	½	Trenton Bank	do
Columbus	½	New Brunswick	do
Canton	2	Mount Holly	do
Portsmouth, $5 and upwards,	3	Camden	do
Indiana.		Cumberland	do
F. & M. Bk. Madison	12½	Newark Insurance	do
Br. at Lawrenceb.	50	State Bank at Morris	do
North Carolina.		do. at Elizabeth't'n	do
State bk. & branches $5 and upwards,	5	Sussex	do
South Carolina.		Paterson bank	unc
Charleston, $5 & up.	3	*Connecticut.*	
Delaware.		New Haven Bk. do.	2
Bank of Delaware	½	Bridgeport	do
Commercial Bk. Del.	½	Middletown bank	do
Farmers' Bk. of Del.	½	Phœnix Bk. Hartford	do
Branch at Newcastle	½	*Virginia.*	
do. at Wilm'gton	½	Richm'd & br. $5 & up.	1
do. at George't'n	½	Valley B'k & bran.	do
Wilmington & Bran.	2	N. W. B'k Wheeling	½
Massachusetts.		*Rhode Island.*	
Boston Bks. $5 & up.	2	Providence Banks	2
Springfield	2	Wash'gton B'k West.	do
Hamsh. Bk. N. Hampt.	2	Phœnix B'k at do.	do
Salem	2	N. E. Commer. Bank	do
Worcester	2	Oth. R. I. notes, gen.	do
Other Massach. notes	2	*Vermont.*	
		Burlington	3
		New Hampshire, gen.	3

TANNERS' SCRAPS will at all times be purchased, at the corner of Sixth and Wood streets. B. A. FAHNESTOCK.

May 17, 1831.—w3t

Machine Card Factory.

GEORGE FABER & SONS respectfully inform the public, that they have now in operation, at their factory, No. 116 Wood-street, a number of Sticking Machines, which will enable them to supply with promptitude, to any extent, orders for CARDS, from No. 28 to 33, and to any length, from 12 to 30 inches. Also, FILLETING from one to two inches. ☞ Cotton and Woollen manufacturers, and carding machine builders, will be accommodated, on reasonable terms, with a very superior quality, equal to any manufactured in the United States. Orders thankfully received.

☞ The following papers will insert the above advertisement, weekly, four months, and charge this office:—Steubenville Herald, Chilicothe Gazette, Wheeling Gazette, Cincinnati Gazette, Columbus Journal, and the paper at Warren.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 1.—wtf

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF FIRST QUALITY LAND, situate on Rushy Run, in Luzerne township Fayette county, containing nearly 400 acres, of which about 150 acres are cleared, and the rest in fine woodland, with a considerable portion of good meadow ground, watered by several small streams. The buildings on it consist of a good dwelling house, barn and out houses. It is about five miles from Brownsville, and the road from Uniontown to Crawford's ferry, on the Monongahela, runs directly through it. It is also convenient to places of worship, in a finely settled and improved country, and presents altogether one of the most desirable tracts in the Redstone settlement. The terms will be made easy, and on payment of part of the purchase money, time will be given for the residue. The tract is at present principally in the tenure of Edward Eaglen; but further information will be given by Stephen Darlington, Esq., in the neighborhood, or by the subscriber, in Philadelphia.

H. D. GILPIN.

March 29, 1831.—w3m

REMOVAL.

J. & J. PARKER respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they have removed from No. 17 Diamond Alley, to No. 148 Liberty street, three doors above the Pittsburgh Brewery, where they have opened a Wholesale and Retail WINE AND LIQUOR STORE, and have recently received from Philadelphia the following Wines and Liquors, which they intend to keep constantly on hand, viz:—French Brandy, Holland Gin, Jamaica Spirits, New England Rum: Wines—Madeira, Port, and Lisbon, Teneriffe, Sherry, Sweet Malaga, and Claret.

In connexion with the above, J. & J. Parker's RECTIFYING DISTILLERY has been re-established on an improved plan, and is now in complete operation, where they manufacture the following Domestic Liquors:—Brandy, Gin, Fourth and First Proof Liquor, Rectified Whiskey and Bitters; Cherry Bounce and Alcohol. Cordials: Perfect Love ditto, Shrub ditto, Noyeau ditto, Life of Man do., Rose do., Lemon do., Clove do., Cinnamon do., Caraway do., Peppermint do., Aniseed do.

☞ Country Merchants, Grocers and others are requested to call and examine their liquors, all of which are offered on accommodating terms.

JAMES PARKER,
JOHN PARKER.

May 24—w3mo.

REMOVAL.

SAMUEL KELLER has removed to the south west corner of Market and Front streets, where he will continue the old business of selling IRON AND NAILS, &c. where he will receive in payment, all kinds of country produce, and, having plenty of room, will also receive goods on consignment.

April 8—w3m.

VAT POTS.—Just received by the subscribers, one small and two large PAPER MILL VAT POTS, (copper.) They have been used for one year. The Pots are made on the most approved plan, and will be sold very low.

G. FABER & SONS, 116 Wood street.

November 23—wtf

LAST NOTICE.—Those persons who were indebted to R. H. Gray, in his Hardware establishment, in this city, are respectfully informed that the Book Accounts of said Gray were assigned, on the 16th of February last, to A. & R. R. Griffiths, of Baltimore, and are now in the possession of the subscriber, for collection. All accounts not paid before the 20th of June, will be placed in the hands of a magistrate, who will collect them with costs.

JAMES GRAY,
May 24—w3t *No. 61 Market street*

PEWS IN THE UNITARIAN CHURCH

THE interior of the Unitarian Church having been fitted up in a neat and convenient manner, and the services of a regular clergyman engaged, the Pews in said Church will be let, on application to either of the undermentioned committee.

BENJ. BAKEWELL, Fourth street,
E. G. LAKEMAN, No. 10 St. Clair st't,
THOS. MAYLIN, Allegheny-town.

June 3, 1831—3*

INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL,

No. 15 South Fourth street, been Market and Chesnut streets, Philadelphia.

HORATIO WADE respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has removed from the GOLDEN SWAN HOTEL to the above establishment—which, having undergone considerable repairs, will now be found to possess every comfort and convenience for the accommodation of those gentlemen who may frequent the house. No pains will be spared to render the INDIAN QUEEN HOTEL a place worthy the patronage of the public, which the proprietor earnestly solicits. June 3—6

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—Take notice, that we, the subscribers, have severally applied to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county, for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of insolvent debtors, and the Court have appointed the fourth Monday of June next, for the hearing of us and our creditors, at the Court-House, in the city of Pittsburgh; at which time and place you may attend, if you think proper, and show cause, if any you have, why we should not be discharged.

SAMUEL REED,
Of the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, Turner.
JAMES NELSON,
Of St. Clair township, Farmer.
JOSEPH ISRAEL,
Of Pittsburgh, Bricklayer.

May 31—w3t

NEW GOODS.

S. P. CHURCH & CO. have just received at their new stand, No. 83 Market street, a variety of SUMMER GOODS, viz:—Blue, pink, brown, and salmon colored Gro. de Nap's; ditto Phillipeens; White Gro. de Indes; Florences and Satins, assorted colors; a beautiful assortment of Fancy Hdkfs. also of small Beads, for making guard chains; Lace Worked Cotton Hose; Ladies' Random do.; Men's Raw Silk Gloves and Half Hose; and an assortment of Summer Stocks.

June 3—3w

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1831.

We have no later intelligence from Europe than that published in our last. We may shortly expect some decisive intelligence from Poland. At the latest dates, affairs were approaching a crisis in that hardly used country. Diebitsch was concentrating his forces, and evidently preparing for an important military movement, and we greatly fear the result. We fear that nothing but serious commotions in the dominions of the Czar, or the peremptory interference of the other European powers, can save the gallant Poles. Skrzynecki, the commander of the Polish troops, has evinced much promptitude and military talent, but it is scarcely possible that all his abilities can resist the overwhelming numbers of the Russian forces. The Emperor Nicholas will readily perceive that this attempt at independence will be a dangerous and troublesome example in his dominions, if not promptly crushed and severely punished. Every exertion will be made to bring the contest to a speedy close. Neither troops nor expense will be spared in the controversy;—the result is much more interesting to the Autocrat than that of the Turkish War, and the exertions will proportionably exceed those made in that case. Without denying or even doubting the military capacity of the Polish General, we must allow to Count Diebitsch also great talents for war. He has won for himself the character of an able general, and it must be borne in mind that it is only in the United States, and at New Orleans, that such a character can be obtained in a single battle. We much fear that before this time Warsaw has again passed into the hands of the Russians, and that the Polish revolution has been almost brought to a close.

The editor of the Richmond (Va.) Whig states that slave labor is employed by Messrs Cunningham & Anderson, in their extensive cotton manufactory at that place; and that, "after fair experiment, they decidedly *prefer* slave labor, as equally as more economical, and as more under their control, and they propose to employ it *altogether*."

The New Hampshire Patriot persists in the charge that the Pennsylvania Legislature had been bribed by the Bank of the United States. Some time ago we called upon our members to deny the gross aspersion upon the reputation of the whole assembly and of each member, but our call was disregarded. Since that time, all the members from Philadelphia city and county have pronounced the charge to be a base and unfounded libel, but still no member from any other part of the state has followed this example. How is this?—Are our country members less sensitive than those from the vicinity of the city of Philadelphia? Have they less regard for their own reputations and that of the state? This silence from other members, after those from Philadelphia have denounced the charge as a base libel, would give room for a very ill-natured insinuation against the purity of our legislature. We entertain no doubt that the charge is a base and infamous libel, but still it is made and persisted in, and we think that *every member* who voted in favor of the Bank should place the brand of condemnation upon the libeler.

A friend has suggested that, as one of our members was opposed to General Jackson, he would, from a sense of duty, and even from a spirit of opposition, vote for a renewal of the charter; that, therefore, even if the officers of the bank were base enough to bribe, they would not waste their money upon anti-Jacksonians, but that they would rather select those whose party feelings would enlist them against the bank; that the whole weight of the Hero's influence was brought to bear against that institution, and that bribery would more likely be used to neutralize that influence. He therefore infers that it is more necessary for the Jackson than for the anti-Jackson members to deny this charge. We admit that there is some plausibility in this argument, but still we trust that every member who voted for the renewal will yet proclaim the author of the charge a base libeler.

From the American Sentinel.

THE NEW HAMPSHIRE PATRIOT.

The subjoined paragraph from that paper of the 23d inst. will show that its apology is as disingenuous as its charge was reprehensible, respecting the legislature of Pennsylvania having been bribed, as it has asserted, by the Bank of the United States. Being respectfully asked by the editors of that Journal to inform them for what purpose was the offer made by the Bank to the state to loan a sum of money at low interest, we answer, that no such *offer* was made, we believe; but when the chairman of the committee of ways and means inquired if the Bank would loan the state, then much embarrassed for want of it, a certain sum, the answer was affirmative.—The effect of this *answer*, which was not an *offer*, was to revive the suffering credit of the state; and the necessary loans were obtained from the Bank of Pennsylvania, on advantageous terms. The occurrence, however, took place *a year before* the legislature was elected, which the Patriot has charged with bribery and corruption. And this is certainly the first time that the *members* of a legislature have been charged with corruption because a loan has been offered to the *state* they represent. Most certainly the editors of the Patriot have no right to *infer* that the gilded bait took. Their charge of fraud (which should never be inferred at all) rests in egregious blunder and inconsiderate calumny. Many persons will be apt to think that they who can so lightly impute the taking of a gilded bait must be themselves extremely infirm of principle. The editors of the Philadelphia Sentinel will not presume to say what their brethren of the New Hampshire Patriot ought to do on this occasion, which does not require 'dudgeon' of us, or angry tenaciousness to an offensive aspersion by them. But we respectfully submit to their cool reflection, whether it will be any wise derogatory to their candor, spirit, or patriotism, to acknowledge that they owe this state, their own character, and our common country, a retraction of a charge which may injure all.

From the New Hampshire Patriot.

U. S. Bank.—The editor of the Philadelphia Sentinel takes in high dudgeon a comment of ours, made in relation to certain attempts of the United States Bank to bribe certain editors, and in which we expressed our belief, that a system of corrupt bribery procured the passage of the Pennsylvania resolutions in favor of the Bank. We respectfully ask the editor of the Sentinel, to inform us for what purpose was the offer made by the Bank to loan to the state of Pennsylvania the sum of eight millions of dollars (we think that was the sum) *for twenty years*, at a low rate of interest? Was it not in fact a *bribe* held out by the bank to secure the support of Pennsylvania to that institution? And have we not a right to infer, even were no other means employed, that the gilded bait took, and "procured the passage of the Pennsylvania resolutions in favor of the bank?"

Appointments by the Governor.—James S. Stevenson of Allegheny, John Mitchell, of Centre, and James Clarke of Westmoreland, to be Canal Commissioners for the ensuing year.

From the Cherokee Phœnix.

The following resolutions were adopted by a large meeting which had convened to sign a protest against the distribution of the annuity among individuals. They convey the views entertained by the Cherokee people, and fully sustain what we have already said. We are pleased with their spirit.

Whereas it is the duty we owe to ourselves, our children, and our friends abroad in the United States, to express our views and our feelings in regard to the controversy imposed upon us by our neighbors the Georgians, and the means exercised by them to effect their contemplated object, the expulsion of the Cherokee people from their native land, it is therefore unanimously resolved by this meeting—

1st, That agreeably to the stipulations of numerous treaties subsisting between the United States and the Cherokee nation, and which are in force, and sanctioned by every President except the present incumbent, and the laws of the United States enacted to carry the same into effect, we are entitled to protection, and the following language of the Supreme Court, we respectively believe, should awaken the American people to exert their influence upon their Chief Magistrate to carry the said laws and treaties into effect, to wit: "So much of the argument as was intended to prove the character of the Cherokees as a *State*, as a distinct political society, separated from others, capable of managing its own affairs and governing itself, has in the opinion of a majority of the Judges been completely successful. They have been uniformly treated as a State from the settlement of our country. The numerous treaties made with them by the United States recognise them as a people capable of maintaining the relations of peace and war; of being responsible in their political character for any violation of their engagements, or for any aggression committed on the citizens of the United States, by any individual of their community. Laws have been made in the spirit of these treaties. *The acts of our government plainly recognise the Cherokee Nation as a State, and of course are bound by those acts.*

2d. Consequently the laws of Georgia, which have established an armed soldiery at our gold mines, and have taken the same in possession, and which soldiery, in detachments, patrole over our country in armed bands, and without warrants even from their own state, are continually arresting our citizens, thereby reducing our people to endure not only civil but martial law; the way of which is in the breast of the petty Georgian officers, and establishing their poney club on places abandoned by Arkansas Emigrants, under a treaty made not with our nation, and its consent, and who are thus deeply seated within our limits, to steal from our people, and in sending numerous companies of surveyors, who are now engaged in running parallel lines of 27 miles distance from each line, with the design of running cross lines to accomplish the object of dividing our country into nine mile Sections; are all repugnant to the Constitution, laws, and treaties of the United States: and as President Jackson is well advised of these measures, and has withdrawn his protection, the people of the Union ought to know it, that they may be induced to award to our nation, through an act of Congress, peace, according to equity and good conscience.

3d. We congratulate the friends of our nation in the able manner they have been sustained in their views of our rights, by the opinion of the Supreme Court, and ourselves, to know that every disinterested tribunal and honest individual, have sustained us in every right; which we have asserted and claimed, except that of being a foreign nation in a constitutional and political sense; and that we are not ashamed, under proper Guardians, to be "In a state of pupilage" to the U. States."

4th. The State of Georgia being a component part of the United States, with whom our nation has the relations of perpetual peace and friendship, we highly approve of the forbearance and prudence of our national authority, in the trials and insults they experience from that state, and of their determination to see our nation righted by the vigor and energy and virtue of the American people.

5th. *Resolved*, That we entertain the highest respect for the firmness and patriotism of our principal Chiefs; and also take this occasion to express our great satisfaction for the industry, ability, and zeal evinced in our behalf, by our Delegation, who have last winter attended the Congress of the United States, at Washington City.

6th. *Resolved*, That the proceedings of this meeting be signed by the president and Vice Presidents, attested by the Secretaries, and sent to the Editor of the Cherokee Phœnix for publication.

Thomas Woodward, *President.*

Vice Presidents.

Flute,	Archfelung,
Tarchungsee,	Kahhdoahe,
Watie,	Teyohlee,
Tahcahsarta,	Yonenungjooweyah,
Charles Moore,	Choolah.
Ahnewshneskettee,	

ANDREW ADAIR, } *Secretaries.*
STAND WAYE, }

Runningwaters, Cowattee District, Cherokee Nation 10th May, 1831.

A pregnant paragraph.—At the late *Jackson* meeting, a proposition was made to *re-consider* the vote and the resolution approving of the character and conduct of Mr. Calhoun. The Globe of this morning says:—"Possibly he (the Intelligencer) counts as anti-Jackson the few shrill cries that *tried* to utter a double sound upon the resolution nominating Mr. Calhoun. The friends of the President never count those on his side who talk with a *double voice*." Are we to understand by this, that none who approve the conduct and character of J. C. Calhoun, are to be considered as friends to A. Jackson? *If they are to be denounced, proscribed, and persecuted in the name of the President, it is proper that they should know it. It certainly cannot be expected of Mr. Calhoun and his friends, that they are to support the re-election of General Jackson, for the good of a party who avow an intention to use the power and patronage of the Government to villify and persecute them?* Or, is the article in the Globe intended for the *benefit* of those clerks, who dared, in the face of the great Globe itself, to speak as freemen?—*Washington Telegraph of 29th ult.*

The "Globe" of Saturday, which reached us but a short time before our paper of to-day was made up, contains a denial (we presume authorised by Major Lewis,) of any interference on his part in the persecuting opposition of last fall to Mr. Miller; an opposition which was instigated much more by this spirit than by any particular regard for Col. Watmough, the successful candidate in the third district. This denial, of course, calls upon us to give the facts on which we have made the charge against Major Lewis, and they shall accordingly be furnished. We in common with the rest of mankind, particularly on a subject calculated to produce strong personal feelings, may have fallen into error in our estimate of the weight of the evidence in our possession; but we cannot still help thinking that the Second Auditor has rather hastily submitted the dispute between us to the umpirage of the people of the United States. We acknowledge the jurisdiction, and will go to trial with him with the confidence that an honest conviction of being in the right always produces. Such is the confidence we have in the integrity and single-mindedness of Gen'l Jackson, that although we are told by the Inquirer, that Major Lewis is the "political and personal friend" of the General, we are satisfied that the President will be the first man, if the fact is made out, to put his seal of reprobation on the act and the actor.—*American Sentinel.*

Trade with Canada.—We are informed by a gentleman from Canada, that two letters had been received in Montreal, annoucing the important intelligence that a bill passed both Houses of Parliament on the eve of the prorogation, amidst the confusion and disorder of the debate on the Reform Question, opening the Canadas to the introduction of American produce. Our informant could give us no particulars and we state the fact as we had it from him.—*All. Freeman's Adv.*

The Anti-Masonic Convention assembled at this place on Wednesday last. About thirty counties were represented by about sixty-five delegates.—Gen. W. Piper of Bedford, and now a member of the state Senate, was appointed President, and Gen. John Burrows of Lycoming, and Samuel Baldwin of Chester county, Vice Presidents; W. W. Irwin of Allegheny, and Samuel P. Charles of Lancaster, appointed as Secretaries. The Convention adjourned on Thursday, after appointing 28 delegates to the Anti-Masonic Convention to be holden in Baltimore in September next, and adopting sundry resolutions and an address to the people of the state. This address is to be published with the names of all the delegates attached: it recognizes Joseph Ritner as the Anti-Masonic candidate for Governor. A resolution was offered by Mr. McConnell, the editor of the Huntingdon Courier, in effect instructing the National Convention to give no support to Mr. Clay. The resolution was evidently a fire-brand, and did not pass until it was modified, by striking out the statesman's name.

The following is the resolution as passed:—

Resolved, That in the opinion of this convention, the principles and policy of the Anti-masonic party requires the delegates appointed to represent Pennsylvania in the National Anti-Masonic convention to be held at Baltimore in Sept. next, to abstain from suggesting or supporting in any way, the nomination of any individual for the office of President or Vice President of the United States, who is not known to coincide in the views of the Anti-Masonic party, as expressed by this convention.

The following is the list of delegates to the National Convention.

Senatorial Delegates—Harmar Denny, Roberts Vaux.

1st, 2d, and 3d districts, John Clarke, John R. Jones, William Grimshaw; 4th, Samuel Parke, Owen Stoever, Dr. George Smith; 5th, Jas. Paul; 6th, Thomas Elder; 7th, Christian Pretz, Daniel Rhodes; 8th, William Watts, Samuel Leider; 9th, Henry D. Drinker, John Burrows, Samuel J. Packer; 10th, Charles Deal; 11th, Jacob Alter, Jacob Cassle; 12th, James Milligan; 13th, Chas. Ogle; 14th, James Todd; 15th, Samuel McKeehan; 16th, William W. Irwin, Joseph Buffington; 17th, John Taylor; 18th, Rob't Faulkner.—*Harrisburgh Intelligencer of 26th ultimo.*

"Malign Influence."—The following article is copied from the United States Telegraph of Friday. The public will recollect that the Telegraph is the Congressional official paper—that it long spoke the language of the President—that its editor was the President's "guide, philosopher and friend," until within a few months past. As a state's evidence, his testimony will be found of high importance to the people:—

Governor Branch has told the public that "a "malign influence" has induced the Executive to discard from his counsels and friendships, his old and long tried supporters, and throw himself into the arms of persons whose cold-hearted selfishness and artifices were played off upon him for true and faithful service.

We, who are eye witness, and know the truth of this assertion—we who have long and faithfully labored to build up and maintain for General Jackson a fame and character, to be a rich inheritance for his country; every day more convinced of the necessity of exposing that influence to the public gaze, and of explaining wherefore it is that his administration has not been all that was expected at his hands—we had hoped that much would be done by the new cabinet. But we are free to admit that so long as the "malign influence" is permitted to remain, and control the opinions of the Executive, so far from things becoming better, we may expect them to be worse.—The late cabinet were once deeply seated in the affections as well as the confidence of the executive. They have been undermined and removed. The course which many of the public presses are taking is calculated to confirm the power which overthrew the last administration. Is it expected to *coerce* the members of the new cabinet to do that which those of the last could not in honor do? If so, the issue of such an attempt is easily foretold.

Camden and Amboy Railroad.—The surveys were made under the direction of Major John Wilson, whose companies soon ascertained that the route first thought of, the vicinity of Moorestown and Mount Holly, was too much marked by hills and valleys, to allow of the completion of the primary plans.

It has been concluded to take a more western course, passing Crosswicks, through the Borough of Bordentown, and thence down the west point of the high ridge to Craft's creek, below which there are no difficulties. The whole line is very level, seldom deviating twenty feet per mile, and in one instance, for twenty miles, nature seems to have forestalled the engineer.

The *estimate* for grading and preparing the *whole* of the road for the rails, inclusive of the bridges, is $235,925 34 cents. The *estimate* for that portion of the route between Bordentown and South river, is a fraction over $83,000; yet contracts have been made for the same for $64,000, making a saving in that alone of $19,000; and the same result has occurred in all the contracts made by the company.

The company anticipate the greatest profits from the traveling between New York and Philadelphia, and this will be facilitated by the present location. The whole distance in a *direct* line from Camden to Amboy is *sixty* miles, and by the railroad it is *sixty-one* miles and 10 chains, making a deviation from a direct line, of only *one mile and ten chains*. It runs through Burlington, Bordentown, Hightstown, Spottswood, and South river, and is about equi-distant from Mount Holly, Columbia, Allentown, and several populous towns on one side, and Trenton, Princeton, New Brunswick, &c. on the other, affording chances for cheap and profitable branches.

The railroad will commence at Camden, opposite to Philadelphia, and terminate at Amboy, accessible always by water.—*Nat. Gazette.*

Number of Emigrants.—We gave up counting last week—every boat brought in hundreds, the exact number no one could tell. There have been 12 arrivals of Steam Boats this season, and 200 emigrants in each is a moderate estimate; making a total of 2400.

As for describing the appearance of the boats on their arrival; the crowding and jostling of the new comers, impatient to escape from a place in which they had slept standing, eager to touch the soil, on which they intend to plant their future fortunes, with undoubting trust of quick and abundant returns; the motley collection of furniture and household stuff; beds and bedding, bedsteads and cots; chairs, and tables, and stools; pots and kettles, shovels and tongs; with here and there a fiddle, a flute, and a fife; the various accent and attire—this is all beyond our power. Neither can we follow the troops from the piers and accompany them in their search for a temporary shelter, and hear the refusal in almost every door to receive them from the happy, because overcrowded landlords. Every public house, and the number has been quadrupled this spring, has been like a certain tenement we once heard of, in one room of which four families, eighteen in number, dwelt, and said they should have been very comfortable, if the occupants of one corner had not, the day before, taken boarders.

Then for the stages—Broadway in New York, Washington street, near the Marlborough in Boston, are hardly more lively than our own Jefferson Avenue in the morning, when for one or two hours, the stages of all kinds throng it, filled with men women, children, trunks, boxes, bundles, and rifles.

One may almost imagine he sees the limbs of this young Territory expand daily, nay hourly; its sinews acquiring new strength, and its muscles hardihood, giving promise that it will ere long attain a giant stature.—*Detroit Courier.*

The Directors of the Boston Athenæum have purchased from the family of the late Mr. Stuart, the unrivaled portrait painter, the original heads of Washington and Mrs. Washington, for fifteen hundred dollars.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

The London Morning Chronicle mentions that a meeting of several of the leading boroughmongers had been held to agree on supplies for the contest, and that a stock purse of a *hundred thousand pounds* was subscribed without delay, some individuals subscribing as high as twenty thousand pounds.

The London Morning Herald says that the boroughmongers had already (on the 27th) subscribed no less a sum than *one million and a half sterling*, for the purpose of influencing the elections, and that a considerable portion of the sum was to be applied in returning Mr. Ward for the city.—The Duke of Northumberland is said to have subscribed the enormous sum of £250,000, and Sir Robert Peel £50,000! The same paper, the Morning Herald, mentions it as among the rumors of the day, that in the event of the boroughmongers succeeding by bribery and threats, to return a Parliament unfriendly to reform, the King will immediately dissolve it, and call a new one, withdrawing the writs from the rotten boroughs. This last measure is probably not within the compass of the constitutional power of the Crown. The London Courier, however, broadly intimates that this course will be pursued in the event of a defeat, a result which, at the same time, it considers impossible.

The members elected to Parliament from the city of London, are Alderman Waithman, *framework knitter*, Alderman Wood, *fish-monger*, Alderman Thompson, *iron-monger*, and Alderman Venables, *stationer*.

Insurrection in St. Jago de Cuba.—We have been favored, says the New York Mercantile Advertiser, by a commercial friend, with a letter dated Matanzas, 15th May, received by the Prince Edward, which states that the inland mail had that day arrived at Matanzas, bringing intelligence from St. Jago of an insurrection among the blacks at that place. The Governor, at the head of all the troops stationed there, had marched against the insurrectionists, and in an attack which took place in the vicinity of St. Jago, a very great number of the blacks were killed, estimated from 2000 to 4000. This victory, it was supposed, would completely quell all disturbances. The city of St. Jago had been left by the Governor under care of the citizens.

VARIOUS MATTERS.

Baltimore, May 30.—A correspondent at Washington informs us, that the general opinion there is that the War Department will be offered to Colonel Drayton, of South Carolina.

The rumor goes that the mission to Russia has been, or is about to be offered to Mr. Ingham.

Welland Canal.—A letter from Niagara, Upper Canada, the 18th ult. says:—"The Welland Canal is now in full operation, and I hope will continue so. A railroad is contemplated from Chippewa to Queenston, or perhaps to Niagara. It will be of vast importance to this section of country."

Mr. Whippo, the engineer on the Beaver division of the Pennsylvania canal, has run a level from Newcastle to the Ohio river. We understand the fall in that distance will be about 105 feet. It is believed that a canal will be made from Newcastle down the east side of Beaver, for about five miles, and from that to the head of the falls, slackwater will be substituted. From the head of the falls to the Ohio, we are unable to say what course will be adopted. We are informed from good authority, that the $100,000 appropriated at the last session of the legislature, will go a great way towards completing the work to Newcastle.—*Beaver Argus.*

On the 15th ult. in the debate on West India Negro Slavery, in the British House of Commons, Dr. Lushington stated that the free people of color in the island of Jamaica, possessed seventy thousand slaves, and had authorised him to consent to a measure for the emancipation of those slaves, if it should be considered necessary.

Mrs. Chapone was asked why she always came so early to church. Because, said she, it is part of my religion never to disturb the religion of others.

The total of the population of Virginia is 1,211,252: divided into 694,440 free white persons, 469,715 slaves, and 47,086 free colored persons.

LOST, on Friday last, somewhere in the city, a *Lady's Crescent Jet Breast Pin*. The finder will be suitably rewarded, upon leaving it at this office. June 7.—3t.

BOURRIENNE'S NAPOLEON.—*Bourrienne's Private Memoirs of Napoleon*—In two volumes, 8 vo. Just received and for sale by HOGAN & CO., Booksellers, corner of Front and Market streets. June 6.—2t.

PURE SODA WATER.—Perkins' Portable Patent Soda Founts, from which is drawn pure Soda Water, Carbonated Mead, Beer, Seidlitz Water, &c. Spirituous Liquors or Wines can be added, and you have the purest carbonated flavor, and the effervescence is very great, the right of using said founts, for the term of 14 years, from 3d May, 1831, at the following prices, viz—To private families, $10, and those who sell the water, $25; towns, counties, states, or territory, at such prices as may be agreed upon: whole expense of the apparatus, from $5 to any amount you please, to give it style.

I shall not remain in town more than three days. Please call, and examine for yourselves, at N. Griffith's Hotel.

☞ Wanted, immediately, agents to vend the above Rights, in different sections of the United States—suitable references will be required. June 7, 1831.—1t*

SURVEYORS' COMPASSES.—The subscribers have just received from the manufactory of *Edmund & George M. Blunt*, of New York, a small invoice of Surveyors' Compasses, of different numbers, which will be sold at a small advance for the manufacturers' wholesale prices. The deserved good credit in which the autical, and other instruments, from the manufactory of the Messrs. Blunt, are held by the practical navigators of the Atlantic cities, is a guarantee for the correctness of the above articles.

Also, for sale, *The Young Sea Officer's Sheet Anchor; or a Key to the Leading of Rigging* and to *Practical Seamanship*, by Darby Lever, Esq., with an appendix, containing several figures illustrative of novelties and improvements in Rigging, &c. &c.

Blunt's Seamanship and Naval Tactics.
do. Merchant's and Shipmasters' Assistant.
do. do. do. and do. Expeditious Measarer.

LUKE LOOMIS & Co.
No. 98 Wood street, Pittsburgh.
June 7—3t

SHOES,

OF THE LATEST FASHIONS!!

GEORGE ALBREE, Nos. 91 and 93 Market street, (between Fifth and Liberty st's,) has just received a splendid assortment of Ladies' FASHIONABLE SHOES AND SLIPPERS, among which are the following, viz:

Pea, grass and bottle green col. Morocco Slippers;
Green colored Sandals, a new article;
Chinese or Peak-toed Slippers;
Porcupine trimmed Lasting Slippers;
Kid and Sealskin do.;
Deerskin Shoes; and Leather Shoetees;

Together with every description of Misses' and Children's Boots, Shoes, and Slippers.
June 7, 1831—3tF

NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of *Towne & Gazzam*, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted are requested to make payment to A. H. Gazzam, who is authorised to settle the business of the firm, and those having claims will present the same to him for adjustment and payment.

JOHN TOWNE.
Mobile, May 15, 1831. [June 3.—tf.]

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between Henry F. Schweppe and John Horner, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the first instant. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make payment, and all persons having claims against said firm, will present them to Henry F. Schweppe, for settlement.

JOHN HORNER,
HENRY F. SCHWEPPE.
June 7, 1831.—1mo

HENRY F. SCHWEPPE,

(Successor to Schweppe & Horner.)

OFFERS for sale, in addition to the stock of Groceries on hand, as recently received,
300 Attacapas Hides;
Winter strained Sperm. Oil, prime quality;
Tanners' Oil; Sweet Oil in baskets;
Sperm. Candles;
10 tons Campeachy Logwood;
3 tons Havanna Fustic;
Otard's Brandy, 10 years old;
Hourglass and Swan Gin;
A few kegs Anchovies and Dutch Herrings;
Sap Sago and Cream Cheese; Vermicelli;
White Havanna Sugar, in boxes;
Alum; Rosin; Epsom Salts;
A few kegs of Waite's Mustard;
All of which are offered on accommodating terms.
June 7—1mo

LAW NOTICE.—The subscribers, having associated in the practice of Law, will attend to any business entrusted to them, in this or the adjoining counties. One of them can at all times be found at their office, in the Diamond, in the city of Pittsburgh.

W. W. FETTERMAN,
June 7—7t N. P. FETTERMAN.

MAMMOTH LOTTERY.

A scheme is here presented to the public, which, for

SPLENDID PRIZES!

surpasses all the schemes which have been drawn in the United States for a number of years.

N. Y. Consolidated Lottery

EXTRA CLASS No. 16 FOR 1831.

TO be drawn in the City of New York, on WEDNESDAY, 15TH JUNE, 1831.—36 Number Lottery, by ternary permutation—Five Drawn Ballots. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$60,000	is	$60,000
1	50,000		50,000
1	40,000		40,000
1	25,000		25,000
1	20,000		20,000
1	10,260		10,260
6	5,000		30,000
6	2,500		15,000
6	2,000		12,000
18	1,000		18,000
18	500		9,000
186	150		27,900
186	100		18,600
186	80		14,880
186	60		11,160
1116	40		44,640
13950	20		279,000
15870 prizes, 26970 blanks,	42,840 tickets.		$685,440

Whole Tickets $20 00 | Halves $10 00
Quarters 5 00 | Eighths 2 50

A Package in this Class contains but 12 tickets, and is certain of drawing five prizes of $20 each.

Orders from any part of the United States, enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

Apply to or address

CLARKE & COOK,
Agents for the Managers, Main street, Wheeling.
June 7, 1831—2t

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 12, for 1831, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 18th day of JUNE, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Fifty-Four No. Lottery—Eight drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	4,000		4,000
1	3,000		3,000
1	2,452		2,452
5	1,000		5,000
10	800		8,000
10	500		5,000
25	200		5,000
46	100		4,600
46	80		3,680
46	60		2,760
46	50		2,300
92	40		3,680
92	30		2,760
920	20		18,400
8280	10		82,800
24804 tickets.		Grand Total,	$198,432

Tickets $10 00 | Halves $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths 1 25

MODE OF DISTRIBUTION.

That ticket having on it the 1st 2d and 3d drawn numbers, will be entitled to the grand capital prize of $30,000
That ticket having on it the 4th 5th and 6th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $10,000
That ticket having on it the 6th 7th and 8th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $5,000
That ticket having on it the 3d 4th and 5th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $4,000
That ticket having on it the 5th 6th and 8th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $3,000
That ticket having on it the 5th 7th and 8th drawn numbers, will be entitled to $2,452
Those five having on the 1st 5th and 7th, 1st 5th and 8th, 1st 6th and 8th, 1st 7th and 8th, $1000
Those ten having on the 3d 5th and 8th, 3d 6th and 7th, 3d 6th and 8th, 3d 7th and 8th, 4th 5th and 7th, 4th 5th and 8th, 4th 6th and 7th, 4th 6th and 8th, 4th 7th and 8th, 5th 6th and 7th, e. $800
Those ten having on the 2d 5th and 7th, 2d 5th and 8th, 2d 6th and 7th, 2d 6th and 8th, 2d 7th and 8th, 3d 4th and 6th, 3d 4th and 7th, 3d 4th and 8th, 3d 5th and 6th, 3d 5th and 7th, each $500
All others with THREE of the drawn numbers on, being 25, each $200
Those 46 tickets having on them the 1st and 2d drawn numbers, each $100
Those 46 tickets having on them the 2d and 3d drawn numbers, each $80
Those 46 tickets having on them the 3d and 4th drawn numbers, each $60
Those 46 tickets having on them the 4th and 5th drawn numbers, each $50
Those 92 having on the 5th and 6th or the 6th and 7th drawn numbers, each $40
Those 92 having on the 6th and 8th or the 7th and 8th drawn numbers, each $30
All others with TWO of the drawn numbers on, being 920, each $20
And all tickets having ONE only of the drawn numbers on, being 8280, each $10

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK,
Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.
Where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to upwards of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. June 7, 1831.

31 HHDS. Prime Cincinnati BACON, for sale by M'KEE & GRAHAM.
May 31, 1831—tf.

PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATION.—The Committee appointed to close the affairs of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association, have declared a dividend of ten per cent. of the capital stock, payable to the stockholders respectively, or their legal representatives, on or after the 10th instant, by

GEO. COCHRAN, of R'd, Agent,
June 7, 1831—3t No. 108 *Second street.*

MONONGAHELA BRIDGE.—The President and Managers of the Company for erecting a bridge over the river Monongahela, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of six per cent., which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives after the 13th inst.—June 3, 1831.

JOHN THAW, Treasurer.
June 7—3*

STRAY HORSE.—Came to the stable of the subscriber, in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, on the first instant, A BLACK HORSE, 15½ hands high, one hind foot white, and blind of the right eye; had on a yoke when he came. The owner can have him again, upon proving property and paying charges.

JAMES M'MASTERS, Diamond.
June 7—3t

STRAY COLT.—Came to the stable of Solomon Lightcap, in Pittsburgh, on Saturday last, A DARK BAY COLT, two white hind feet; no other marks noticed. The owner can have it again.

SOLOMON LIGHTCAP.
June 3—3t*

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 12, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 18TH JUNE, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Fifty-four Number Lottery—Eight Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$30,000	is	$30,000
1	10,000		10,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	4,000		4,000
1	3,000		3,000
1	2,452		2,452
5	1,000		5,000
10	800		8,000
10	500		5,000
25	200		5,000
46	100		4,600
46	80		3,680
46	60		2,760
46	50		2,300
92	40		3,680
92	30		2,760
920	20		18,400
8280	10		82,800
24804 tickets.		Grand Total,	$198,432

Tickets $10 00 | Halves $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths 1 25

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

A statement of the drawing will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation. Apply to, or address,

DAVID GREER,
At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.
June 7, 1831.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

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8280	10		82,800
24804 tickets.		Grand Total,	$198,432

Tickets $10 00 | Halves $5 00
Quarters 2 50 | Eighths 1 25

☞ For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address WM. HAMILTON & CO.
No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.
June 7, 1831

MISS MARGARETTA REYNOLDS will give lessons on the *PIANO*, to a number of young ladies, either at their respective homes, or at her own residence, at the corner of Ferry and Fourth streets. Reference as to competency, to WM. C. PETERS, *Teacher of Music.*

Also, *LANDSCAPE PAINTING.*—Miss R. was engaged as a Teacher in the Seminary at Canandaigua, N. Y. June 3—3*

The subscribers offer for sale, at their warehouse, No. 148 Wood street,

25 HHDS. NEW-ORLEANS SUGAR;
50 barrels do do
130 bags Havanna Coffee, (prime green;)
60 do Rio do
25 do Java do
20 tierces Rice, (first quality;)
50 barrels No. 3 Mackerel;
15 barrels Almonds;
7 boxes White Havanna Sugar;
10,000 lbs. Lump Sugar;
30 boxes Rock Candy;
20 do Rose Soap;
15 baskets Sallad Oil;
10 cases Champaign Wine;
10 do Claret do.
500 matts Cassia;
40 drums Figs;
50 kegs Ginger;
75 do. Black Pepper;
30 do. Allspice;
Also, a large assortment of Confectionary.

G. C. ANDERSON & CO.

Will have in a few days, barrels No. 2 Mackeral.
May 27, 1831—4t

CROCKER & CO.

Commission Merchants,

NUMBER FIFTY-ONE NORTH FRONT STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the purchase and sale of *WOOL*, and liberal advances made on consignments.—*References*—

Messrs. J. G. HARKER & Co., *Philadelphia.*
" BALDWIN & FORBES, *New York.*
" PARKER & STEVENS, } *Boston.*
" LIVERMORE & RENDALL, }

March 18, 1831.—twi3m

PITTSBURGH GLUE.

THE subscriber has now on hand a quantity of Glue, manufactured near this city, and warranted of a superior quality.

B. A. FAHNESTOCK.
Pittsburgh, May 17, 1831.—w3t

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CLASS No. 11, for 1831, to be drawn at Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, the 4th day of JUNE, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Fifty-Four No. Lottery---Eight drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$15,000	is	$15,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	2,500		2,500
1	1,456		1,456
2	1,000		10,000
20	500		3,000
30	100		3,000
46	50		2,300
138	30		4,140
92	20		1,840
92	15		1,380
920	10		9,200
8280	5		41,400
9624 prizes.			$99,216

Tickets $5 00; Halves $2 50; Quarters $1 25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid,) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

The REGISTER, containing an official statement of the drawing, will be forwarded to each adventurer. Cash paid for prizes on presentation.

Apply to or address

GEORGE A. COOK,

Agent for Yates & M'Intyre, No. 68 Wood street.

Where has been sold and paid, Prizes amounting to upwards of TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. May 27, 1831.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA,

CLASS No. 11, for 1831: to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, JUNE 4TH, 1831. Yates & M'Intyre, Managers. Fifty-four Number Lottery---Eight Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$15,000	is	$15,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	2,500		2,500
1	1,456		1,456
2	1,000		2,000
20	500		10,000
30	100		3,000
46	50		2.300
138	30		4.140
92	20		1,840
92	15		1,380
920	10		9,200
8280	5		41,400
9624 prizes.			$99,216

Tickets $5 00; Halves $2 50; Quarters $1 25.

Orders from abroad, (post paid) enclosing cash or prize tickets in former lotteries, will be promptly attended to.

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DAVID GREER,

At the Lottery and Exchange Office, No. 114 Market street, corner of Liberty, Pittsburgh.

Where was sold, in Class 6, the Capital Prize of $25,000; in Class 7, the Capital Prize of $5,000, and in Class 10, the Capital Prize of $6,000.

May27, 1831.

UNION CANAL LOTTERY

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CLASS No. 11, for 1831; to be drawn in Philadelphia, on SATURDAY, 4TH of JUNE, 1831. YATES & M'INTYRE, Managers. Fifty-four Number Lottery—Eight Drawn Ballots.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$15,000	is	$15,000
1	5,000		5,000
1	2,500		2,500
1	1,456		1,456
2	1,000		2,000
20	500		10,000
30	100		3,000
46	50		2,300
138	30		2,300
92	20		1,840
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920	10		9,200
8280	5		41,400
9624 prizes.			$99,216

Tickets $5 00; Halves $2 50; Quarters $1 25.

☞For Tickets and Shares, apply to or address

WM. HAMILTON & CO.

No. 17 Exchange Buildings, St. Clair street.

May 27, 1831.

FOR SALE.

A NUMBER of valuable BUILDING LOTS in the vicinity of this city, part of the estate of Dr. George Stevenson, late of Wilmington, (Del.) deceased. For terms apply to the subscribers.

W. M'KNIGHT,
HARMAR DENNY,
J. SNYDER,

Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1829---tf *Executors.*

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing under the firm of Walter Fortune & Sons, Saddletree Manufacturers, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 26th day of April last. All persons indebted to the late firm will make payment to Walter Fortune and James Fortune, who are duly authorised to receive the same, and who will settle all accounts due by the said firm.

WALTER FORTUNE.
JAMES FORTUNE,
LUKE FORTUNE,
JOHN FORTUNE.

The business will be carried on as usual, at the old stand, in Fourth street, between Wood and Smithfield streets, by Walter Fortune and James Fortune, under the firm of WALTER FORTUNE & SON.

☞Two or three Journeymen Saddletree makers, and three or four Apprentices, wanted immediately. Apply to W. F. & SON.

May 12, 1831.---3mo

WOOL WAREHOUSE,

PHILADELPHIA.

SAM'L COMLY having a spacious Wool Warehouse, adjoining the Manufacturers' Market, Nos. 13 and 15 North Water street, Philadelphia, the subscriber having made arrangements with S. C. for that purpose, will devote his attention to the business; and solicits consignments of all kinds of wool to the house, on which liberal advances will be made if requested, and every exertion made to give satisfaction to the wool growers and dealers in the article, to whom information as to prices and the state of the market, will with pleasure be communicated.

JAMES MOTT.

Inquiry may be made of Abishai Way, Samuel Thompson, Mason & M'Dounough, M'Clurg & Denniston, Pittsburgh. May 17---3mo

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR E. C. S. SUGG,

SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR,

(From London, and recently of Baltimore.)

HAS Removed from his residence in Irwin street, to No. 57 Liberty street, corner of Virgin alley, *(the house lately occupied by Doctor J. S. Irwin.)* where he continues the practice of his profession, in all its various branches. Dr. S. will keep for sale a choice assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, DYE-STUFFS, PAINTS, &c. Also, Family Medicines of his own compounding and selection. April 22---tf

JOB PRINTING

EXECUTED, with neatness and despatch, at the Office of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. April 20

NOTICE.

CHRIS'R MAGEE having taken his nephew, C. L. MAGEE, into partnership, the public are respectfully informed that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued under the firm of C. & C. L. MAGEE, at the old stand, No. 40 Market street, between Second and Third streets, where they will keep a constant supply of HATS, of the first rate workmanship, and of the newest fashion, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

CHRIS'R MAGEE,
C. L. MAGEE.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1831---tf

DR. JAMES A. LOWRIE

TENDERS his professional services to the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity. Office, No. 45 Third street, next door to the corner of Market street. April 1---3mo

TO LET,

THE Store and Dwelling House in Liberty street, now occupied by H. Fullerton, Jr. Possession given on the 1st April next. Apply to

ALLEN & GRANT.

February 22.---tf

SHEARS.

THE subscribers are manufacturing revolving and vibrating SHEAR BLADES, of a superior quality. They will be stamped "F. A. Bemis & Co." and warranted to the purchaser.—A sample can be seen at Messrs. L. & P. Peterson's, on the corner of Market and Front streets, and a constant supply will be kept on hand at the manufactory, No. 24 Water street.

ALSO, will be made to order, SHEARING MACHINES of improved construction: price from $50 to $125. Having in operation machinery expressly for grinding, Shears will be ground with the greatest accuracy, at a short notice.

Nov. 17—tf. F. A. BEMIS & Co.

We the subscribers have purchased and made use of Shears made by F. A. Bemis & Co., Pittsburgh, and consider them superior to any in use in this section of the country.

JOHN M'DOWELL,
DANIEL HICKMAN.

Bridgeville, September 15, 1830.

The undersigned have purchased and made use of broad and narrow Shearing Machines, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and can recommend them to the public, as superior to any we have before used or seen in operation. R & J. HALL,

Sept. 23. *Manufacturers, near Pittsburgh.*

We the undersigned have in operation a Shearing Machine, and also a set of Blades, made by F. A. Bemis & Co., and feel confident in recommending them to the public, as articles superior in their kind to any we have used or seen in this country. A. & J. MURPHY.

Fleecedale Woollen Manufactory, Sept. 29, 1830.

FARM FOR SALE.

WILL BE SOLD, at Public Sale, on the premises, on the 14th day of June next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. that valuable FARM, No. 126 Braden's District, situated on the Ohio river and Beaver road, 12 miles from Pittsburgh, containing 230 acres, of which about one hundred acres are cleared and under good cultivation, with several never failing springs of water. The improvements are a good square log House and Barn, and an Orchard of excellent fruit trees. An indisputable title will be given, and the terms, which shall be easy, will be made known at the sale.

ADDY BEER,
ROBERT BEER.

Administrators of the estate of Thomas Beer, dec.

☞The Lancaster Journal and Washington Reporter will insert the above advertisement once a week till June 1, and charge Pittsburgh Gazette.

January 11, 1831---t14J

THE subscriber wishes to rent the large Three Story Brick Dwelling House and Shop, where he now resides, situated in Liberty, between Market and Wood streets.

March 18.---tf. FELIX BRUNOT.

GEORGE A. COOK, Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh, purchases Notes of all the Banking Institutions in the United States. Also, Foreign & American Gold, Broken Bank paper, &c.

March 11, 1831.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Foundry and Steam Engine Business, under the firm of

M'CLURG & PRATT.

They beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their Foundry is now in complete operation, immediately above the aqueduct, on the Allegheny river, where they are prepared to execute orders for Castings of every description, in the best manner and with the greatest possible punctuality. Their steam mill, for boring, turning, or grinding heavy castings, is also in operation, and shops for making STEAM ENGINES of any required power, and SUGAR MILLS and machinery of every description.

They feel assured that from their knowledge of the business, in all its branches, their attention and punctuality, they will continue to receive a share of public patronage.

ALEX. M'CLURG,
FRANCIS PRATT.

December 7, 1830---1y

PITTSBURGH & PHILADELPHIA

CLOTHING STORE.

GEORGE C. MORGAN

HAS REMOVED to No. 102, Wood street, and has furnished his Fashionable Clothing Store with a supply of articles in his line, suitable for the present and approaching seasons, and conforming in style and fashion, to the last eastern patterns. His stock comprises the greatest variety, and has been selected with much care as to the quality of the goods.

☞Cloths, Vestings, Trimmings, and Fancy Articles, will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms.

☞Work made to order, on the shortest notice.

Sept. 25.—tf.

COCHRAN & IRWIN have Removed to Nos. 108 and 110 Second street, near Wood street, adjoining Wetmore & Haven's Queensware store, and J. Park's grocery, where they will be constantly supplied with

Writing, Wrapping and Printing Paper;
Broadcloths, Cassinets, and Jeans;
Plaids, Checks, Tickings;
Brown Sheetings and Cotton Yarn;
Also, Cotton and Union Drillings;
Diaper and Table Linen;
Machine Cards, in sets or in pieces, to order;
(Factories supplied on the shortest notice.)
Wood Screws and Tacks, at eastern prices;
Blanchard's cast steel Corn and Grass Scythes;
Thompson's and Nelson's Sickles;
Lamont's Patent Vices;
Plated Ware for Saddlers;
Window Glass and Hollow Glass, all sizes;
White and Red Lead; Nails; Iron;
And a general assort't of *American Manufactures;*
10 hhds. Leaf Tobacco,
40 bales Cotton, prime quality,
20 hhds. Sugar,
50 bbls. Mackerel, Nos. 1 and 2, for sale as above. April 15---tf

WANTED,

GREENSBURGH BANK PAPER—at 35 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A. COOK,

Lottery and Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 12, 1830.—tf.

To Baltimore and Philadelphia

TRAVELLERS.

THE LINE OF STAGES between Chambersburgh and Baltimore, on the Somerset and Mountpleasant route, has been doubled, and now runs DAILY, (Mondays excepted,) leaving Chambersburgh *at day-light* in the morning, and arriving in Baltimore, early the same evening.

Passengers reach Philadelphia, in this way, the second afternoon, from Chambersburgh, without the loss of any rest; taking the splendid STEAM BOAT LINES, which set out at 6 o'clock in the morning, [via CHESAPEAKE AND DELAWARE CANAL, a work well worth the trip to see.]

REESIDE, Owner.

In all cases where the passengers desire to reach Baltimore in time for the 5 o'clock steam-boat to Philadelphia, they can do so by leaving Chambersburgh at one o'clock in the morning, or immediately after the arrival of the Western Mail Stage. In this way, they arrive in Philadelphia, by eight o'clock the *second morning*, from Chambersburgh.

☞When a load offers, the stage will run on Mondays. April 23, 1830.—tf.

Valuable Property for Sale.

THE Bank of Pittsburgh offers for sale the following valuable property in this city viz:—ALL that piece of ground, situated on Market street, between Front and Second streets, formerly owned by Abner Barker, containing in Front on Market street thirty feet, and extending back: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling house, with other back buildings.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Market and Wood streets, formerly occupied as the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, containing in Front on Third street twenty feet, and extending back towards Fourth street eighty-five feet; on which is erected a two story brick building.

Also, Adjoining the above, one other lot, containing twenty feet in front, and extending back eighty-five feet; on which is erected one frame building. Between the two last mentioned buildings an alley will be left for the common use of both.

Also, All that piece of ground situated on the north side of Diamond Alley, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, containing in front on Diamond Alley fifteen feet, and extending back half way to Fifth Street, on which is erected a two story brick dwelling house, with back buildings, now occupied by Copernicus Walters.

Also, That piece of ground, situated on Third street, between Wood street and Hay Scale Alley, containing in front upon Third street about twenty feet, and extending back along said alley about eighty-five feet: on which are erected one two story brick dwelling and back buildings.

Also, The undivided half part of that piece of ground, situated on Wood street, between Front and Second streets, containing in front on Wood street about forty-eight feet, and extending back part sixty and part ninety feet; on which are erected two three story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Charles L. Voiz and Willard Leonard.

Also, All that piece of ground, situated on the north side of the Diamond, containing in front on the Diamond about thirty-seven feet, and extending back to Jail alley; on which are erected two two story brick dwelling houses and back buildings, now occupied by Ephraim Pentland, Esq. and Mrs. Gormly.

Also, All that tract of Land, situated on Turtle Creek, commonly called "Dirty Camp."

For terms apply to the CASHIER

January 22, 1830.—tf

DUNLAP'S PAINTING

OF

CHRIST REJECTED,

IS now being exhibited at LAMBDIN'S MUSEUM, where it will remain a FEW WEEKS.

This universally and justly admired picture represents the *Rejection of our Saviour, by the Jewish High Priest, the Elders, and the People,* when brought to them by Pilate, from the Judgment Hall. The subject, which is illustrated with great force and beauty, is found in the following passage of the Sacred Writings:

"And when they had bound him they led him away, and delivered him to Pontius Pilate, the Governor. Pilate said unto them, What shall I then do with Jesus, which is called Christ? They all said unto him, let him be crucified. When Pilate saw that he could prevail nothing, but that rather a tumult was made, he said, I am innocent of the blood of this just person; see ye to it. Then answered all the people, and said, his blood be on us and on our children."—*St. Matthew, chap.* 27.

"Then came Jesus forth, wearing the crown of thorns and the *gorgeous* robe; and Pilate saith unto them, Behold the man. When the Chief Priests therefore and Officers saw him, they cried out, saying, crucify him, crucify him. Pilate saith unto them, Take ye him and crucify him, for I find no fault in him."—*St. John, chap.* 19.

☞In this splendid Painting, which occupies upwards of 200 *square feet of canvass,* nearly 200 figures are introduced. In composition, perspective, coloring, and general effect, it is much superior to any historic production yet exhibited in this city, and merits the reputation and success that have hitherto attended it.

A SPLENDID EXHIBITION OF PHANTASMAGORIA has been got up at considerable expense, and *will be exhibited every evening,* at half past 8 o'clock. Admittance 25 cents.

April 8, 1831.

PRINTING INK.

JUST received from the Manufactory of *Johnson & Son,* a fresh supply of Book and News Ink, for winter and spring use, in kegs from 13 to 28 pounds.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

January 1, 1830.—tf

FOR RENT, A three story brick warehouse and back buildings, lately occupied by B. Gleadall, next to Schweppe & Horner's, Third street, near Market str't.

Apply to GEO. COCHRAN, of Rd.

January 18—tf.

FORT PITT GLASS WORKS,—The subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have the above works in their hands, and will continue the Manufactory of

FLINT GLASS, CUT AND PLAIN,

Of various descriptions and patterns; and have appointed L. & P. PETERSON, (corner of Market and Front Streets,) Agents to dispose of the same—where a general assortment will always be kept on hand. Merchants and others will be furnished on accommodating terms.

All orders left with our agents will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

R. B. CURLING & SONS.

September 18 1829.—tf.

BARTRAM'S Hammered Spades and Shovels, warranted of a superior quality—also, Bartram's Prime Axes, Mattocks, Canal Picks, Hoes, Trace Chains, Log Chains, &c. For sale by

H. MAC SHANE,

March 22, 1831.---tf Front street.

☞*PLOWMAN'S PRINTING INK*

PLOWMAN'S Superior PRINTING INK, for fall use, in kegs containing 24 lbs., for sale by HOGAN & Co., Corner of Front and Market streets. Pittsburgh, Sept 10.---tf.

DOCTOR ROBERT'S

☞*WELCH MEDICAMENTUM.*☜

FOR the cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Cholic, Fever and Ague, Dysentery, Headach, Loss of Appetite, Flatulence, Hypochondria, Hysterics, Dropsical Complaints, and Heartburn, It also prevents all Bilious disorders, and removes habitual Costiveness, Asthma, Strangury, Gravel, Rheumatism, Gout, and Impurities of the Blood.

A person who uses this Medicamentum will not require the use of the lancet, or any means of the healing art. It restores and revives the animal spirits, invigorates the system, removes nervous tremors, obtunds rheumatic and anthritic pains, and prevents their return. It cleanses the stomach of all morbid humors, which cause indigestion, acidities, headach, and lowness of spirits; cures all bilious disorders, and all cholics of the stomach and bowels, almost immediately; inspires cheerfulness; gives comfort to the dropsical; takes away palpitation of the heart; gives circulation to the blood; restores bloom to the sallow or sickly cheek, and plumpness to the meagre habit; purges without pain, and banishes all cause of fever of every kind. It acts on the stomach, that great reservoir of the human system, a diseased state of which causes all diseases. No alteration in the usual habits of life is required, but the abstaining from distilled ardent spirits.

CERTIFICATE,

From Rev. Derick Lansing, D. D., Pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church in Utica.

UTICA, Jan. 6, 1830.

To Dr. Hitchcock.—Dear Sir: I have always been one of the number of those who have placed little confidence in *nostrums* or *specifics,* and for this reason, although I saw your advertisement of the Welch Medicamentum, I could not bring my mind to consent to use it. My sufferings, from indigestion, during the past summer, were so severe, as materially to affect my comfort, and my capacity for usefulness. I have reason to thank you, sir, that, on hearing of the state of my health, you kindly sent me your Medicamentum. I have taken it faithfully, and with entire success. I have not been visited with one of those turns of distress, which before were weekly periodical, since I began to take your valuable medicine. Could I receive the same relief which I have hitherto experienced, on condition of taking it for life, I should cheerfully comply with such condition. Your's, very truly, D. C. LANSING.

☞Sold by THOMPSON & MILLER, at their Drug Warehouse, No. 81 Wood street, Pittsburgh. Nov. 26---tf.

WANTED,

ONE thousand five hundred and one thousand dollars, on mortgage, well secured on Real Estate in this city. Inquire of

N. HOLMES,

Sept. 17.—tf No. 33 Market street.

ALLEGHENY LOTS.

FOR SALE, a number of LOTS, fronting on the Broad Common in the rear of the town of Allegheny. These Lots afford the most desirable seats for country residences of any now offered for sale. The terms will be extremely favorable. A credit of from one to five years will be given to purchasers. A plan of the Lots is left at the office of Discount and Deposit and at the bank of Pittsburgh, for the inspection of purchasers.

W. Robinson, Jr.

Aug. 25, 1826.—tf. *Allegheny Town*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

THAT the Charter of the Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association being about to expire, it is intended to close its affairs as soon as possible. All persons indebted to the Institution are required to make immediate payment to George Cochran of Rd. Agent of the Association, and all persons having claims against it, are requested to present the same for settlement.

B. BAKEWELL,
THOMAS HAZLETON,
WM. PORTER,
THOMAS FAIRMAN,
JOHN SPEAR,

Com'tee for closing the Affairs of the Association.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1830.—tf.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That the Notes, Book Accounts, and all other property of Robert Patterson and J. H Lambdin, late Stationers and Paper Manufacturers, trading under the firm of R. Patterson & Lambdin, have been assigned to the subscribers this day, for the benefit of creditors.

HENRY HOLDSHIP,
C. ANSHUTZ,
MARTIN RAHM.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 22, 1823---tf

HENRY HOLDSHIP AND SON'S

PRICES CURRENT.

CAP PAPER,	per r'm,	hot press,	$4 25 a 4 50	
do.	do.	do.	fine,	3 25 a 3 75
do.	do.	do.	common,	2 25 a 3 00
LETTER	do.	do.	hot press,	3 75 a 4 00
do.	do.	do.	common,	2 50 a 3 25
PRINTING PAPER,		per ream,	2 37 a 5 25	
WRAPPING	do.	Imperial,	per ream,	2 75
do.	do.	Medium,	do.	1 75
do.	do.	Crown,	do.	1 12
TEA PAPER,		Medium,	do.	2 00
do.	do.	Crown,	do.	1 50
PASTEBOARDS,	per groce,		$5 00 a 5 25	
FULLERS' PRESS PAPERS,	per lb.		25	
PAPER HANGINGS,	per piece,		31½ a 75	
BORDERS,		do.	12½ a $2 50	

December 10, 1830.

FOR SALE,

A STEAM ENGINE, with ample power to propel a boat of 140 to 150 tons; or, if for a mill, sufficient to run 4 to 5 pairs of stones and a saw. Apply to ALLEN & GRANT.

February 8. 1830---tf

W. B. M'CLURE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE No. 44 Fourth street, under Lambdin's Museum. April 8---tf

PITTSBURGH

CIRCULATING LIBRARY

THE inhabitants of Pittsburgh are respectfully informed that the Pittsburgh Circulating Library is now opened for the delivery of Books, at the Bookstore of JOHN I. KAY & CO., No. 51 Market street, near Fourth. April 19---tf

TO BE LET

THAT well finished THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, at the corner of Grant and Second streets, now occupied by Mr. James Gray. Apply to D. S. SCULLY, Esq. or HARMAR DENNY.

ALSO, The Three Story Brick House adjoining, now occupied by J. & D. Moore. Immediate possession to be given. Apply, in the absence of Wm. Croghan, Esq., to D. S. SCULLY, at his office, in the Diamond. April 8—tf

NOTICE.—*Mahlon Rogers,* having taken his son *Linton Rogers* into partnership, the public are respectfully informed, that the business heretofore conducted by him will be continued, in all its branches, under the firm of MAHLON ROGERS & SON. Steam Engines, Salt Pans, Still Boilers, &c. &c. will be executed with accuracy and despatch.

MAHLON ROGERS,
LINTON ROGERS.

Pittsburgh, April 19, 1831.

PIKE & HAYWARD'S CASES OF CONSCIENCE, *New Edition,* just published by HOGAN & Co.

Corner of Front and Market streets.

May 31, 1831.---3t

150 BBLS. No. 1 Mackerel;
100 do. No. 2 do.
100 barrels No. 3 do.
100 hhds. N. O. Sugar;
75 bbls. Molasses;
25 kegs Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Shot;
10 tons Jun. Hammered Iron;

FOR SALE BY JAMES ADAMS, Jr. & Co.

May 18, 1830---tf.

MOROCCO

THE subscriber, having commenced the manufacture of MOROCCO, has now for sale Morocco suitable for the following purposes:

Boots and Shoes, (Goat and Deer Skins.)		
Boot and Shoe Linings, (Roans and Yellows.)		
Coachmakers'	do.	(variety of colors.)
Hat Linings,	do.	do.
Bookbinders,	do.	do.
Trunkmakers,	do.	do.
Saddlers,	do.	do.
Striped Bindings.		

☞The above articles will be sold at eastern prices. Having in connexion Mr. George Pierce, an experienced workman, the quality and colors will be warranted. Dealers in the article will find the prices reasonable.

JOHN CALDWELL.

Corner of Third street and Redoubt Alley.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9—tf

THOMAS ANDERSON & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Refer to M'KEE, CLARKE & Co. } Pittsburgh.
JAS. ADAMS, JR. & Co. }
HAMILTON STEWART, }

STORAGE & FORWARDING.—Thomas Anderson & Co. have extensive warehouses, and are prepared to Receive and Forward Merchandise, in any direction required

May 14, 1830.—tf.

Kensington Rolling Mill.

S. & R. LEONARD have associated with them A. M'N. SEMPLE. The business in future will be conducted under the firm of LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD; at the above place, on the Monongahela River, above Suke's Run.

The agency of W. H. Hays is discontinued.

LEONARD, SEMPLE & LEONARD intend making and constantly keeping on hand the following kinds of IRON, of the neatest and best quality, which they offer on accommodating terms:

1d. 2d. 3d. 4d. 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Hoop,
Round and Square, from 1-4 in. to 3, in.
Nail, Chain, Deck, and Spike Rods,
Tire and Flat Iron,---all sizes.

Pittsburgh, May 21, 1829---tf.

DAVY'S CONSOLATIONS.

JUST published, and for sale, by Hogan & Co. Corner of Front and Market streets, CONSOLATIONS IN TRAVEL; or the Last Day's of a Philosopher; by Sir *Humphrey Davy,* Bart. late President of the Royal Society. With a sketch of the Author's Life, and Notes, by Jacob Green, M. D. Professor of Chemistry in Jefferson Medical College. Sept. 21.—tf.

AUCTION GOODS.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH,

46 WOOD STREET,

Are now receiving a very extensive and choice assortment of

European, India, and American,

DRY GOODS,

EMBRACING every variety suited to the *Western Trade;* and having been selected with particular care, at the *New York and Philadelphia Auctions,* are offered at wholesale, for cash or approved paper, at a small advance.

Country merchants can always depend on being supplied with the latest style of Importations; and in consequence of one of our firm being now in *Europe,* we are enabled to *import* our *Foreign Goods* at much cheaper rates than usual, and most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock.

M. S. MASON & M'DONOUGH.

September 3, 1830.

JOHNSTON & STOCKTON,

Booksellers, Printers, Book-Binders and Paper Manufacturers.

No. 37, Market Street, Pittsburgh

March 14.—tf.

PAPER HANGINGS

THE subscribers having enlarged their *Paper Staining Establishment,* and procured some of the best workmen from the eastward, now offer for sale, wholesale and retail, *at the Philadelphia prices,* a choice assortment of

COMMON, GLAZED AND RAINBOW

PAPERS,

Of the latest patterns, and equal to any heretofore sold in this market: a constant supply of which, in all their varieties, with suitable borders, will be kept on hand.

Also on hand, a large assortment of FRENCH WALL PAPERS and

Velvet Bordering.

H. HOLDSHIP & SON.

Corner of Wood & Third Streets.

October 10—tf.

PATENT PLANING MACHINE.—The right to use this valuable machine, invented and patented by William Woodworth, and known as Woodworth's Patent Planing Machine, may be obtained on application to the subscriber for the counties of Allegheny, Butler, Beaver, Washington, Green, Fayette, Somerset, Cambria, Indiana, Jefferson, Clearfield, M'Kean, Warren, Venango, Mercer, Crawford, and Erie, in the State of Pennsylvania. That part of Maryland lying west of the Blue Ridge; all that part of Virginia lying west of the Blue Ridge, except the county of Ohio. The whole of the state of Ohio except the counties of Hamilton, Butler, and Montgomery. The whole of the state of Kentucky, except the counties of Jefferson, Boone, Oldham, Gallatin, and Campbell. The whole of Indiana, except the counties of Floyd, Clark, Jefferson, Dearborn, and Switzerland. The whole of the state of Illinois, and the territory of Michigan. Rights to use the machine in that part of the United States, named above, will be sold by the single county or in larger districts. As it is presumed that no one will purchase without seeing the machine at work, a description of it is deemed unnecessary. Should any person, however, wish to purchase, and find it inconvenient to visit the places where it is in operation, a machine will be furnished, warranted to plane, tongue and groove, and bring to an exact width and thickness, a white pine board of 12 feet long, and of any width from 1 to 14 inches, in one minute and ten seconds, or an oak board of the same dimensions in 2 minutes and 10 seconds. Machines may be seen at work in the cities of New Orleans, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and others at the south and east, at Wheeling, Virginia, and at the saw mill of Messrs. Irwin & Herron, in this city.

Persons desiring to purchase will have the certificates of scientific and practical men who have seen it at work, in the different places in which it has been put up, forwarded to them. They give their opinion as to the great value of the invention, state the time they have seen boards dressed by this machine, and describe the quality of the work as compared with that performed by hand labor.

LEONARD CHESTER,
Acting for the Proprietor.

Pittsburgh Hotel, April 19, 1831.

FOR RENT,

THE EAGLE STEAM MILL, for manufacturing Flour.

ALSO,

THE FOUNDRY now occupied by Messrs. Kingsland, Lightner & Co., situate on the Monongahela river and Suke's run. Possession to be had on the 1st of April next.

Apply at the Office of the Bank of the United States. January 11.—tf

WHOLESALE CHINA, GLASS

AND

EARTHEN WARE HOUSES.

THE subscribers offer a large and well selected stock, of all kinds and the latest patterns of goods in their line, imported direct from the English and French Potteries, by the way of New Orleans. They with confidence, therefore, invite all western merchants from the states of Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, who have been in the habit of getting their ware from the eastern cities, (over the mountains) to call and examine for themselves.

Their terms are, to pack to order at Philadelphia prices, with an addition of 1½ cents per pound carriage, cash.—Credit arrangements can be made from three to twelve months. From their experience in the trade, they feel competent and pledge themselves to do every thing in their power to give satisfaction. All ware packed at their establishments will be insured, with proper handling, to open sound, for one per cent.

THOMAS G. GAYLORD,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
H. H. GAYLORD & Co.
Wheeling, Va.

February 12, 1830.—tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale that valuable and well known property, adjoining the town of Noblestown, and distant 12 miles from the city of Pittsburgh.

There are in this tract of land 500 acres, 175 of which are cleared, and under good cultivation. It contains a fine meadow, and an excellent Apple Orchard, besides valuable coal banks and never failing springs of good water. As a stock farm, it has but few equals.

There are erected on this property the following buildings, viz:—A *Steam Grist Mill,* with two pair of French Burrs, and one pair of country stones, together with all the appurtenances necessary for doing merchant work on a large scale; a *Saw Mill* in good working order, which is propelled by water power; *three Dwelling Houses,* and *two Barns.* The above farm is intersected by good roads for transporting produce to a market either on the Ohio river or at Pittsburgh, and is in a wealthy neighborhood.

If this property be not sold together, it will be divided to suit purchasers. For further particulars apply to the subscriber living in Pittsburgh.

SCUDDER HART.

Aug. 7, 1829.—tf.

Bakewell, Page, & Bakewells,

FLINT GLASS MANUFACTURERS,

Have for sale, an assortment of

Astral or Sinumbral LAMPS,

ON PEDESTALS AND FOR SUSPENSION.

ALSO,

Tuscan, Vase, Mantel & Chamber Lamps,

WHICH, in addition to their usual stock of *PLAIN AND CUT FLINT GLASS,* Patent Moulded, Plain and Cut *Bureau Mountings, &c. &c.* will be disposed of on the lowest terms. Pittsburgh, Nov. 23—tf.

FOR SALE,

A FLAG QUARRY, together with a FARM, containing 80 acres of good land, situated on the Allegheny river, ten miles above Pittsburgh.—The flags are of the best quality, and suitable for paving, such as are now used for that purpose in this city. It is the only quarry of the kind in this part of the country Apply to

HENRY HOLDSHIP

October 12, 1830.—tf

DOMESTIC CLOTH HALL,

No. 72 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

HAMILTON STEWART,

MANUFACTURER OF

Linen and Cotton Goods,

WHICH he offers for sale at eastern manufacturers' prices, without any addition of carriage, at 3, 4, or 6 months acceptances.

N. B.—Five per cent. discount on all orders exceeding $100. March 19—tf.

The Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given, that books will be opened at the Bookstore of H. Holdship & Son, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 24th day of March next, to receive subscriptions for the Stock in a company to be entitled "*The President, Managers and Company of the Pittsburgh and Coal Hill Turnpike Road;*" intended for the purpose of making an artificial Road from the city of Pittsburgh, to a point at or near the house of Wm. Farrow, in Pitt township, at which time and place one or more of the undersigned will attend.

WM. WILKINS,
HENRY HOLDSHIP,
WM. B. FOSTER,
PETER MOWRY,
WM. PORTER,
WM. ARTHURS,
JAMES BROWN,
} *Commis'nrs.*

Feb. 22, 1828.—tf.

NEW ORLEANS and MOBILE PAPER received at this office at 5 per cent. discount.

GEORGE A COOK,

Lottery & Exchange Broker, No. 68 Wood street

November 19, 1830.

TO IRON FOUNDERS.

TO BE LET, The Iron Foundry, situated on Water street near Grant, lately occupied by Sours & Kingsland. On the premises are a Double Stack and Furnace, Core Oven, Crane, &c. in good order. Apply to

BAKEWELL, PAGE & BAKEWELLS

☞N. B.—Immediate possession can be given.

February 18—tf

HARDWARE.

S. FAHNESTOCK & CO. corner of Fifth and Wood streets, have just received and are now opening their Spring supply of HARDWARE, which renders their stock much more extensive than heretofore; consisting of a more general assortment, and embracing a greater variety of articles; among which are Waldron's, Griffin's, and Harris's Corn, and Waldron's Griffin's, Papmore's, and Blanchard's Grass Scythe, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, March 11, 1831.—tf

NOTICE,

To Country Merchants and others, inclining to purchase Cheap Hardware.

THE SUBSCRIBER, having purchased out the Stock of HARDWARE lately kept by R. H. Gray, corner of Fourth and Market streets, Pittsburgh, offers the same for sale at cost and carriage. He will continue to *buy and sell* articles of domestic manufacture in the Hardware line, at the old stand, No. 59.

JAMES GRAY.

March 11—tf Fourth street.

ROGERS' SUPERIOR ORANGE GUN POWDER.—150 kegs just received on consignment, and for sale by JAMES ADAMS, JR. & Co. No. 8 Market street. May 18—tf.